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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Cresceus won the race with The Abbott. —— British steamer Ethel Bryhta arrived at Santiago, Cuba, with three cases of yellow fever on board; the vessel was direct from Jacksonville, Fla., where she loaded lumber for Santiago; two deaths from yellow fever had previously occurred on the vessel. —— British cotton manufacturers are feeling American competition. —— One man killed and two men wounded in a fight at a dance in Greene county, Tenn. —— Judges Lewis and Titus have formally accepted their assignment as counsel to defend Leon F. Czolgosz, the assassin; the trial is set for 10 o'clock next Monday morning. —— Dr. Rixey says Mrs. McKinley's grief is crushing her. —— The President has appointed W. B. Ridgely comptroller of the currency. —— The Czar and President Loubet yesterday reviewed 120,000 French troops; at the luncheon President Loubet in his speech said the Franco-Russian alliance is pledged to settlements inspired by justice and humanity; some of his hearers took the remark to refer to affairs in South Africa. —— The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows decides that where a bar is run in connection with a hotel, the proprietor of the hotel shall not be eligible to membership. —— New York markets: Money on call to-day was nominal. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. cotton—steady, middling uplands 8 5-16c; flour—the market was quiet; wheat—spot quiet, No. 2 red 76¾c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 64¾c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 39c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady at 36½@36¾c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 21.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 59 degrees; 8 P. M., 62 degrees; maximum, 69 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; mean, 62 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 2.99 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 40.0 feet and falling.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Local rains have fallen in eastern North Carolina; elsewhere in the cotton belt the weather has been fair. The weather has continued cool in all districts.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—For North Carolina: Fair Sunday; warmer in western and southern portions. Monday fair, warmer. Fresh northeast to east winds.

Port Almanac—September 22.

Sun Rises	5.47 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.58 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 11 M.
High Water at Southport	1 34 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	4 04 A. M.

With the "Viper" and "Cobra both wrecked, Great Britain seems to have chosen hoodooed names for her water splitting torpedo boat destroyers.

President Roosevelt has Dutch, French, Irish and Scotch blood in his veins, and a Northern father and a Southern mother. A pretty good combination.

A McKinley monument in New York has been suggested. As a monument builder New York is a monumental failure. If outsiders pay for it it may be built.

When a man deliberately commits suicide, like that Ohio man did recently because he was afraid he wouldn't be happy with the woman he was to marry it looks like jumping from the anticipated frying pan into the fire.

The Atlanta *Journal* has started a movement to erect a monument to the late President McKinley in that city, where he made the speech in which he proposed that the Federal Government help to care for the graves of the Confederate dead.

Although the average age of the jurymen who tried and convicted Guiteau, the assassin of Garfield, was fifty years, eight of them are still living, one in Washington—hale and hearty at the age of 70 years. Guiteau hurled his curse at them, but it doesn't seem to have hit.

Sir Robert Giffen isn't afraid of the yellow and black men of the future, for he says with the continuous increase of the white race and the little or no increase in the yellow and black races the white race will soon equal them in numbers, and may laugh at the "yellow peril."

In the event of the death of President Roosevelt the Secretary of State would become President. It has been said that Secretary Hay may retire, in which event President Roosevelt would name his successor and the man who would become President if a vacancy should occur.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Dr. F. H. Russell has returned to the city.

— Mr. D. J. Corbett, Jr., of Keith, N. C., was here yesterday.

— Miss Lula Johnson of Warsaw, is visiting in the city, the guest of friends.

— Mrs. M. G. Bailey left yesterday to visit friends and relatives at Atkinson, N. C.

— Miss Carrie Duffie returned last evening from a very pleasant visit to friends in Goldsboro.

— Mr. B. G. Worth returned to the city last evening, after a vacation North for several weeks.

— Capt. A. D. Brown returned yesterday from New York, where he has been purchasing goods for the Fall and Winter trade.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Mason have returned to their home in Bluefield W. Va., after a pleasant visit to relatives and friends in the city.

— Mrs. John H. Gore, Jr., and little daughter, Arabella, returned last evening from Franklin, Va., where they spent a part of the Summer.

— Mr. Henry Blount, of Rocky Mount, who is known all over the State as a lecturer of superior talent, was a pleasant caller at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mrs. W. N. Harriss and family returned yesterday from Hamilton, Va., where they have been spending the Summer. They are residing at No. 118 North Third street.

— Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells and family returned last evening from a very pleasant vacation spent in Virginia. Dr. Wells will conduct the services as usual at the First Presbyterian church to-day.

—Mr. T. M. Emerson and family returned last evening from the North. They will reside in the handsome residence recently completed for Mr. Robt. H. Northrop, on Dock, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

— Rev. Frederick H. T. Horsfield, rector of St. James' Episcopal parish, returned last night from a pleasant vacation, spent at his old home in Cambridge, N. Y. He will occupy his pulpit as usual to-day.

— Mr. S. P. Adams, manager of the Coal, Cement and Supply Company, will leave to-morrow morning for an extensive trip through the North to make a thorough inspection of street paving. He will visit New York, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and other great cities.

First Cargo of Cotton.

The first cargo of cotton of the season for foreign export is aboard the British steamship *Torgorm*, which cleared yesterday for Ghent, Belgium. The cargo consists of 5,872 bales, valued at $351,500 and is consigned by Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. The first cargo last season went forward on September 11th on the German steamship *Arnold Luyken*. It consisted of 5,300 bales, valued at $387,124. Two other cargoes were shipped on the 14th and 17th of the same month.

Seacoast R. R. Schedule.

Effective to-morrow, trains on the Wilmington Seacoast railroad will be operated on the regular Winter schedule. Daily except Sunday the hours of departure from Wilmington will be 2:30 and 6:30 P. M.; from Wrightsville, 8:15 A. M., and 5:15 P. M. Sundays the train will leave Wilmington at 2:30 and at 6:30 P. M., but there will be only one train from Wrightsville at 5:15 P. M. Freight must be prepaid and will be carried only on the 2:30 P. M. train.

Mules for Street Work.

Alderman J. Frank Maunder, for the City Streets and Wharves Committee, yesterday purchased for that department from the Wilmington Live Stock Association, two of the finest young mules seen hereabouts in a long time. They cost ($385 but are worth every cent of it, says Alderman Maunder. A fine gray horse to match one already in the service has also been purchased for the Chemical Engine station. Two other fire department horses, unfit for use, were sold.

New Grocery Store.

Mr. F. A. Mongomery gives notice in another column of the removal of his grocery business from Second and Castle streets to No. 608 North Fourth street. He has a complete line of fresh goods and offers as an inducement to the trade reasonable prices and prompt service. He invites his friends and the public to call upon him at his new store.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Royal Arcanum—Notice.
Seacoast Road—Schedule.
Wanted—Second-hand scale.
Levi McMillan & Co.—Wanted.
Geo. O. Gaylord—The great sale.
Hardin's Pharmacy—Satisfactory.
F. A. Montgomery—Removal notice
C. W. Yates & Co.—Exclusive depos'y
Mercer & Evans—Closing out sale.
Roger Moore's Sons & Co—Cement.
Munroe and Kelly—Good furniture.
The Convent—Studies to be resumed
Masonic—Meeting Concord Chapter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Stores—For rent.
Rooms—For rent.
Ferguson—Outfit free.
Walter Taft—For sale.
Lost—Fox terrier puppy.
Stenographer—Position wanted.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Mrs. J. J. Bowden—Private Board.

FAIR AND CARNIVAL.

Representative of Bostock-Ferari Company Here to Excite Interest in the Event.

THE TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW.

Mr. Huffman Says It is Attraction Enough in Itself to Say Nothing of a Dozen Others—The List of Contributors to Fund.

Mr. F. C. Huffman, a representative of the famous Bostic-Ferari shows, which will be one of the main attractions at Wilmington's big Elk's Fair and Carnival next month, arrived in the city yesterday and will remain here in the interest of the Fair until it is formally opened, October 14th.

Mr. Huffman is thoroughly conversant with every detail of fair promotion and promises the people of this section great things in the gala week being arranged. He has established headquarters at Gerken's and would be glad to entertain any proposition looking to the welfare of the attraction. He says the shows that will be brought to Wilmington by his company are all first class and will draw the crowds for miles around.

The Trained Animal Show.

"The big feature and principal attraction in the amusement line," says Mr. Huffman, "is the colossal collection of trained wild animals presented, exhibited and trained in mammoth fifty-foot steel arena under the personal direction of Col. Ferari. This particular exhibition was before the inauguration of street fairs in America, the recognized amusement institution of England, where for forty years it sustained it's established reputation for exhibiting the largest and costliest collection of trained wild animals in the world. Since its arrival in this country it has more than doubled its former size. Its costly massive exterior is in itself worth travelling a hundred miles to see, for nothing like it is on either side of the Atlantic ocean can compare with it for its perfect beauty. This magnificent front and entrance cost alone $50,000, built of solid oak and embelished by the master carvers of the world. Five hundred French plate mirrors of unique design are extravagantly enlaid over the entire vast exterior, which measures 100 feet in length and 25 feet in height, surmounted by domes of great value and structural beauty. Occupying the center of the great double entrance is a mammoth Parisian orchestrion that cost to import from the Paris Exposition $10,000. This equals in volume and tone forty perfect performers. This magnificent musical invention, together with the entire exterior, are at night time a blaze of light and glory. Hundreds of beautiful colored incandescent lights add richness and luster to the scene, and the fairy tale of Aladden's lamp is almost verified in actuality."

"Then comes its startling and sensational exhibition of human daring and wild animal training. In the center there is erected a mammoth fifty foot steel arena, the animals are transferred from some of the smaller travelling dens into the great enclosure and while therein turned loose with no confining bars to impede their movements, a daring trainer enters and puts them through the most remarkable performance ever witnessed. The most prominent among the greatest trainers to-day appearing before the public is Princess Delaware, the famous lady animal educator, who was formally the greatest European feature of the Hagenback shows in Hamburg, Germany. After many months of tireless training that runs into years, she has succeeded in breaking for exhibitional purposes in the great arena five full grown forest bred African and Nubian lions, they are taught to play see-saw like children, roll barrels, leaping objects, form beautiful pyramids and tableaux pictures and walk the tight rope. Madame Pauline DeVere, another lady trainer of great note, will enter the arena and demonstrate her wonderful powers over the den of beasts."

"Upon the whole," says Mr. Huffman, "there will be plenty to look at and admire for a week. The trained animal show is only one of the many departments with the greatest aggregation of entertainers in the world All of the show will be here for the week, October 14th-19th."

Those Who Have Subscribed.

The soliciting committee, perhaps the most important of the many that have been appointed, last night closed a week of arduous work and others are yet to be approached. Many who have not yet been seen, but who desire to contribute may do so by calling on or telephoning Mr. L. Stein, who is the enterprising chaiman of this committee. The names of additional contributors will be given from day to day. Those who have thus far contributed are as follows:

The A. David Co., Fishblate Clothing Co., A. Shrier, J. M. Solky, M. H. Curran, I. Shrier, M. W. Divine & Co., Jacobi Hardware Co., J. W. Murchison & Co., R. W. Wallace & Co., Hugh MacRae, I. M. Bear & Co., Morris Bear & Bros., The Rheinstein Dry Goods Co., The C. W. Polvogt Co., Geo. O. Gaylord, S. & B. Solomon, J. B. Mercer, J. Weil, The Sneed Co., Geo. R. French & Sons, Chestnut & Barentine, Peterson & Ruffs, I. L. Greenewald, Wm. E. Worth, Victor E. Zoeller & Co., George Honnett, Geo. W. Huggins, S. P. Cowan Livery Co., Orrell & Carroll, A. G. & R. F. Warren, W. A. Farriss, Frank MacRae, Geischen Bros., W. V. Hardin, J. E. Hinnant & Co., F. K. J. Fuchs, Jno. C. Bossch, F. W. Ortmann, Kress & Co., Dr. N. Chadwick, C. W. Yates & Co., R. C. DeRossett, The Clarendon Water Works Co., H. J. Gerken, J. H. W. Bonitz, H. A. Tucker & Bro., Andrew Smith, J. G. Wright & Son, W. M. Cumming, Yarborough & Murray, J. H. Sloan, H. C. McQueen, J. F. Woolvin, Willard & Giles, W. L. DeRosset, Jr., A. M. Susman, W. H. Green & Co., J. Hicks Bunting, Chas. M. Whitlock, T. Quinlivan, D. Quinlivan, J. O. Brown, O. P. Cazaux & Co., C. D. Foard, E. Peesolt, Taylor's Bazaar, Jurgen Haar, Sternberger Bros., S. W. Sanders, A. S. Winstead, R. F. Hamme, W. J. Penny & Co., J. T. Burke, C. H. O'Berry, W. B. Pate & Co., Wm. Tienken, Dr. J. H. Dreher, Jno. S. McEachern Sons, P. H. Hayden, C. B. Bellois, F. G. Punke.

THE DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY.

Eighth Annual Convention Will be Held in Wilmington During November.

Miss Mary F. Meares, corresponding secretary of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which will meet in Wilmington Nov. 12th, next, is mailing to the hundreds of chapters throughout the country a circular letter giving all preliminary data concerning the forthcoming convention. All chapters are urged to send delegates or proxies. The railroads have given a rate of one and one-third fares and delegates are instructed that full fare must be paid coming and upon presentation of proper certificates will be entitled to one third rate returning.

The Orton has been chosen as headquarters and a rate of $2 per day is offered, two or more in a room. Private board can be had at $1 to $1.50 per day.

Mrs. R. W. Hicks, No. 418 South Third street, is chairman of the Bureau of Information and will cheerfully answer all inquiries. The corresponding secretary will also be glad to be of any assistance to any of the delegates or visitors.

New Wharf Buildings.

It is announced that the A. C. L. will shortly begin work on a handsome two-story brick store and office building on Water street, between the location of its new warehouse, built since the fire, and Grace street. The old C. F. & Y.V. depot, now occupied as offices by Mr. S. P. McNair, will give way to the new building, as will also the cold storage plant of the Schlitz Brewing Company and the office of the Wilmington Brokerage Company. The new building recently completed by the Coast Line will be occupied by Messrs. C. C. Covington & Co., and Mr. McNair's office, and others in the path of the new building, will be moved temporarily until it is completed.

THE STEAMER SEABRIGHT.

Board of Survey Will be Held Upon Her To-morrow at Bald Head.

A board of survey, consisting of Capt. S. F. Craig, Capt. Wm. St. George and Mr. W. N. Harriss, will to-morrow morning go down on the steamer *Compton* to Bald Head Island and determine what disposition to make of the wrecked steamer *Seabright*, of the Wilmington and Little River Transportation Company.

Nothing was done for the stranded vessel yesterday, and nothing will be done now until a report is had from the survey.

Grand Regent, Royal Arcanum.

Mr. W. F. Rountree, of Newbern, Grand Regent of the Royal Arcanum in North Carolina, will arrive in the city Monday and make an official visitation at night to Cornelius Harnett Council No. 231, of this city. Members of Carolina Council are invited to be present and participate in the exercises. Mr. Rountree will be met at the station by a deputation of prominent members from the local councils and conducted to The Orton, which will be his home while in the city.

New Y. M. C. A. Secretary.

Mr. George H. Fitch, for eight years in association work in Cincinnati, Ohio, a Kentuckian by birth, a member of the Methodist church, and a young man of striking personality and pleasing address, has been elected and has accepted the general secretaryship of the Wilmington Y. M. C. A. He recently spent several days here looking over the field, and writes from Asheville, N. C., that he will be here October 1st to take up his duties.

A Day of Atonement.

"Yom Kippur," or the Day of Atonement, with those of the Hebrew faith, begins this evening at 6 o'clock, and continues until the same hour to-morrow evening. During this period the places of business of all Israelites will be closed. There will be services at the Temple of Israel, conducted by Dr. Mendelshon, this evening at 6:30 o'clock, and also a continuous service to-morrow from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Cargo of Cement.

The schooner *Eva A. Danenhower* arrived yesterday at 4 P. M. from New York with a full cargo of "Alpha Portland" Cement for Roger Moore's Sons & Co. She is discharging part of her cargo at Fort Caswell for the building of quarters, etc., now going on there.

St. Thomas' Parochial School.

St. Thomas' Parochial School will begin its Fall term on next Wednesday. The school is conducted by the Sisters of Mercy and a thorough intellectual and moral training is imparted. For further particulars inquire at the convent.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Special Meeting Yesterday Afternoon to Authorize New Bids for Street Paving.

NEW COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

Mayor Waddell Made Several Changes—A Back Tax Matter Will Likely be Arbitrated—Letter From Judge Bryan—Routine Business.

Pursuant to the call of Mayor Waddell, the Board of Aldermen assembled yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in special session, those present having been the Mayor, Aldermen Von Glahn, Mann, West, Skinner, Harriss, Johnson and Maunder; absent Messrs Bailey, Spencer and Parker.

The meeting was called primarily for the authorization of new bids for the Princess street paving, but a number of other matters came in "on the side" and the session lasted about two hours.

Mayor Waddell read a communication from the Board of Audit and Finance informing the Aldermen officially of the action of that Board on the afternoon previous and supplemented the reading of the letter by explaining the circumstances of the failure of the Board of Audit and Finance to approve the bid of The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.

Upon motion of Mr. West and second by Mr. Maunder, the Mayor was authorized to advertise for new bids but the question of the length of time to be allowed bidders was raised and Messrs. Roger Moore and J. T. Riley, who were present, asked for 10 days. This concession was granted.

Judge E. K. Bryan, who had a contract prior to 1898 with the city for the collection of back taxes, was present at the meeting and submitted the following letter, looking to the arbitration of certain differences between the municipality and himself relative to about $800 in controversy, the amount now being in his hands:

GENTLEMEN: A suit has been instituted in the Superior Court of this county against me by the City of Wilmington to recover a certain amount of money alleged to be held by me which it is claimed belongs to the city. This suit grows out of the collection of back taxes due the city which was collected by me and my associates under a contract made with the City Attorney under the Act of 1893.

I have endeavored time and time again to get to a settlement of this matter, but have been unable to do so. When Mr. C. W. Worth was on the Board of Aldermen, he as a member of that Board came to see me and asked if I was willing to meet a committee from that Board and take up the matter with them and give them my contentions, and to this inquiry I replied that I would gladly do so; that I would not only be glad to give them my contentions, but would go over the matter with them, and if, after hearing my side they thought I should yeild to them, and surrender my claim, that I would do that. I do not see how I could have made a more liberal proposition.

This proposition was never acted on by the Board of Aldermen or a committee from that Board. The matter stood this way for some time and seeing that the Board of Aldermen were not going to act, I then asked Mr. Meares, the then City Attorney, to bring suit so that our respective rights might be tested in the courts, but this request was not granted. The city has now brought suit against me and our rights can be determined therein; but being anxious for a speedy determination of this matter I have decided to submit to you the following proposition:

I am willing to leave this matter to the following named gentlemen as arbitrators, to wit, Hon. A. M. Waddell, Messrs. E. S. Martin and Junius Davis, they to go over the entire matter and take the contentions of each party and pass upon the same and make their award in writing to the Superior Court. In the event of a disagreement among the arbitrators the award of any two of them to be final and if they are of the opinion that the city is entitled to a judgment they shall so state the amount, and the court shall enter up judgment accordingly, if they are of the opinion that I am entitled to a judgment against the city they shall so state and judgment shall be entered up in my favor. They are to pass upon all of our respective rights and recommend to the court the judgment to be entered up by it. No appeal is to be taken by either side from the report of the arbitrators. If they give judgment against me I am to pay the same within five days from the adjournment of the court which enters up the judgment, and if the judgment is against the city they are to pay the same within thirty days from the adjournment of the court which enters up the judgment. You will notice that I have selected the head of the city government as one of the arbitrators while the other two are in no way connected with me and have no interest in this controversy and all gentlemen of character and ability and will act impartially.

The losing party is to pay all the cost of the case, including the fee to the arbitrators. I think it but just that the Mayor should serve without compensation as he is a city official, but I am willing to leave that matter entirely with him.

This proposition to be accepted within twenty days from this date. You will perhaps notice that all the arbitrators are lawyers. The reason for this is because the suit involves more questions of law than issues of fact.

I have submitted this proposition without ascertaining whether the above named arbitrators will act. If any one of the above named arbitrators refuse to act, the two remaining shall select a third man, who is to be impartial. If as many as two decline to act, then the suit to proceed. Respectfully submitted,

E. K. BRYAN.

Mr. Mann moved an acceptance of the proposition. Mr. Johnson did not think Mr. Bryan should name all the arbitrators and suggested the name of Brooke G. Empie, Esq. Judge Bryan explained that all fairness had been used in the choosing of arbitrators, as evidenced by the choosing of Mayor Waddell, the head of the city government, as one of them.

Mr. Harriss wanted the proposition submitted to a committee consisting of the Mayor and Messrs. VonGlahn and West to pass upon the questions to be arbitrated. An amendment to the original motion to this effect was seconded by Mr. Skinner. Mr. Mann withdrew his original motion and moved the differences be adjusted in the Superior Court. Mr. Johnson withdrew his amendment and seconded Mr. Mann's last motion. The same was lost, Messrs. Johnson and Mann alone voting aye, and the question recurred on Mr. Harriss' motion to refer to a committee, the naming of which he left to the Mayor. The motion of Mr. Harriss was carried and Messrs. Harriss, VonGlahn and West were named as the committee.

The Mayor read a communication from the Board of Audit and Finance, directing the attention of the Aldermen to the fact that under contract with the Clarendon Water Works Co., the laying of water pipes in the Fifth ward would have to be done under the supervision of Maj W. F. Robertson, the water works engineer, instead of the city engineer, as called for in the contract with Messrs. McLean & Co., the successful bidders for the work. Mayor Waddell called attention to the fact that Maj Robertson himself was a bidder for the work and he would hardly insist on supervising the work of a rival bidder. No action was taken relative to the matter, the Mayor stating that the communication was read for the information of the Aldermen.

The chairman of the Public Building Committee was authorized to repair the gauge at the City Hall for the testing of the water pressure during fires.

Mr. Mann made an off-hand motion that the Water Works Company be forced to furnish potable water, but no action was taken.

City Attorney Bellamy reported the collection of $476.54 in back taxes during the past month, and a total since July 26th of $1,635.03. He also enumerated the suits recently instituted against the city and asked to be authorized to employ associate counsel in that of J. W. Monk vs. City, involving about $11,000 in the title to the city rock quarry. It was explained that Mr. W. A. Wright was on his personal bond to indemnify the city against any loss in this respect. Mr. Johnson asked that Mr. Eugene S. Martin be employed; others said it was customary to leave the choosing of associates with the attorney himself. A motion prevailed leaving it to the Finance Committee, composed of the Mayor, Messrs. West and Bailey.

The salary of Melvin Dent, messenger to the Mayor, who it was explained performed many necessary duties not strictly in his province, was increased from $20 to $30 per month upon motion of Mr. Mann, and a committee, consisting of Messrs. Mann, Skinner and Harriss, was appointed to urge its approval before the Board of Audit and Finance.

Shaking-Up of Committee.

At the opening of the meeting, members of the Board present were given copies of the following appointment of committees:

Finance—Mayor, Bailey and West.
Fire Department — Harris, VonGlahn and Maunder.
Lights—West, Parker and Johnson.
Markets — Maunder, Spencer and Mann.
Ordinances—Harriss, Skinner and Spencer.
Police—Mayor, Maunder and Mann.
Public Buildings — Skinner, VonGlahn and Bailey.
Sanitary Affairs—Johnson, Spencer and Parker.
Sewerage—Bailey, Mann and VonGlahn.
Streets and Wharves—Mayor, Maunder and Skinner.
Waterworks—Spencer, Johnson and Parker.

The only committees which remain as originally appointed by the Mayor at the beginning of the new fiscal year are those on finance, police, sewerage and water works. Messrs. Maunder and Skinner succeed Messrs. Bailey and Johnson on the Streets and Wharves committee, the former having resigned on account of his continued absence from the city and the Mayor becomes chairman of the same. Mr. Johnson is placed on the Light committee, succeeding Mr. Skinner. Mr. Harriss succeeds the Mayor as chairman of Fire committee and the Mayor is succeeded as a member of that committee by Mr. Maunder. Mr. Mann succeeds Mr. Harriss on the Market committee, and Mr. Spencer succeeds Mr. Mann on the Ordinance committee. Mr. Bailey succeeds Mr. Parker on the Public Building committee and Mr. Parker succeeds Mr. West on the Sanitary committee.

Before the meeting adjourned Mr. Johnson took occasion to protest against his "peremptory removal" from the Streets and Wharves Committee, and the "attempt to saddle him" with the failure of the Princess street contract. He declared that he had never delayed matters and had done his whole duty as he conceived it. He intimated that his position on the sewerage question had engendered a prejudice against him, which he wished to refute.

Mayor Waddell spoke to him in the most kindly terms, declaring that there had been no malicious discrimination, as he suggested, but that the committee shad been re-appointed for the good of the city and the advancement of street improvement.

The meeting adjourned until the regular hour on the first Monday in October.

— Norfolk *Landmark*: "Miss Grace Hobday has recently returned from the annual 'Vocal Consultation' held at Allenhurst, N. J. Her work was pronounced 'scientifically faultless.'"

LOCAL DOTS.

— Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., will hold a special convocation Monday evening at 8 o'clock to confer the Most Excellent Master's degree.

— Prof. Washington Catlett, commissioner, will sell at auction to-morrow at noon a valuable tract of land in the country, adjoining the County Home.

— It is stated that a lodge of Elks will be instituted in Raleigh in the near future. District Deputy Gerken, of this city, will be the installing officer.

— The service for men at the Y. M. C. A. at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon will be addressed by Rev. P. C. Morton. Miss Janie Clark, of Savannah, will sing.

— Hennessy LeRoyle, who is very pleasantly remembered from last season in "Other People's Money," is the neqt attraction at the Opera House, Friday Sept. 27th.

— "The young man who went down to Jericho" will be Dr. Blackwell's subject to-night at the First Baptist Church by special request of young men for young men.

— A fox-terrier puppy, highly valued by the owner, has strayed or been stolen and a liberal reward is offered for the return of the same in the business local column of to-day's STAR.

— Joseph Aldrich and wife of Pittsburg, Pa., yesterday transferred by deed to James Owen Reilly for $300, lot on west side of Fifth between Taylor and Howard streets, the same being 33x75 feet in size.

— Justice G. W. Bornemann was not able, by reason of his injuries, to appear at the trial of his assailant before Justice J. M. McGowan yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock and the hearing was accordingly adjourned until next Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

— Effective yesterday Mr. E. D. Kyle is appointed Division Freight Agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, with headquarters at Jacksonville, Fla. Mr. Kyle will have charge of traffic on the Jacksonville Division, and will report to the Assistant General Freight Agent at Savannah, Ga.

Hon. John D. Bellamy Will Speak.

Hon. John D. Bellamy has accepted an invitation to address the citizens of Sampson, Pender and Bladen counties at Beattie's Bridge, upon the occasion of the "Farmer's Dinner and Picnic," in honor of the completion of the bridge, October 3d. The public is cordially invited to attend the celebration.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS.—There will be a Special Convocation of this Chapter Monday evening, 8 o'clock to confer the Most Excellent Master's Degree.
By order of the High Priest
W. A. MARTIN,
sep 22 1t Secretary.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Grand Regent W. F. Rountree, of Newbern, N. C., will visit officially Cornelius Harnett Council No. 231 to-morrow (Monday) night. Members of Cornelius Harnett and Carolina Councils are earnestly requested to be present.
sep 22 1t

WANTED.

One second-hand Scale. Must be large enough to weigh from 2,500 to 3,000 pounds. Address,
"W. I. W.,"
sep 22 1t STAR Office.

Studies Will be Resumed

At St. Thomas' Parochial School Wednesday, September 25th. These Schools are conducted by the Sisters of Mercy, and a thorough, intellectual and moral training is imparted to children. For further particulars inquire at THE CONVENT.
sep 22 1t

FOR RENT,

Or will lease for a term of years the Double Store on Water street, between Chesnut and Mulberry, occupied several years by the Willard Bag Manufactory.
D. O'CONNOR,
aug 14 tf Real Estate Agent.

Satisfactory Spices.

Good Spices—our kind—are one of the joys of a housekeeper's heart. We have Mace, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Ginger, Cloves, Allspice, and every other Spice which is used in Preserving, Pickling or Seasoning. We sell them either whole or ground, and in any quantity.

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

sep 22 tf 126 South Front street.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

This is to inform my friends, customers and the public generally that I have removed my Grocery Business from corner Second and Castle streets to 608 North Fourth street, opposite Fourth street market, where I am better than ever prepared to serve you with the best goods at the lowest prices.

Thanking my old Customers for their liberal patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance from the same, with that of all those who desire the best and freshest in the Grocery line, I am, Yours gratefully,

F. A. MONTGOMERY.

Orders taken in and delivered to any point in the city. Bell 'Phone 300. su th sep 22 2t

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901, the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OUR CHAIRS WILL STAND THE RACKET of every-day use. Unlike many beautiful things they possess great strength. The wood is tough, well seasoned and durable. Every joint is perfect. The finish is excellent.

Dining Room Chairs of Oak, with arms and leather seats, $2.00 set.
Dining Room Chairs of Oak and Mahogany, cane seats, from $3.00 to $12.00.
Reception Chairs, etc.
Also, a full line of odd Parlor Chairs.

MUNROE & KELLY'S,

No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 113. sep 22 1t

WRIGHT,

THE REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Wants Your Business

We can handle it to your entire satisfaction and save you time, worry and money.
Call us up—Bell 'Phone 342.

FOR RENT.

Red Cross, between Second and Third.
Front, betw'n Walnut and Red Cross.
Corner Second and Ann streets.
Corner Second and Orange streets.
Fifth, between Ann and Nun streets.
Ninth, between Market and Dock.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON,

The Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.
sep 17 tf

Seed Rye and Wheat.

40 bushels Seed Rye.
40 bushels Seed Wheat.

Mullets,

150 Bbls. Nice Mullets.
Also Bagging and Ties and car-loads of other stuff.
Get our price.

D. L. CORE CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
sep 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

School for Young Ladies

Miss Hart. Miss Brown.

The next session will begin

WEDNESDAY, 2ND OF OCTOBER.

Punctual attendance at the beginning of the session is essential to a creditable Stand.

MISS HOBDAY

will resume instruction in Shorthand, Voice Culture and Singing.
For terms, apply to the
PRINCIPALS,
sep 15 3t su 114 Orange street.

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the cause of Edward Dudley Cowan et al. vs. W. D. Cowan, W. D. Compton et al., pending before the Clerk of the said Superior Court, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door of New Hanover county on Monday, the 23rd day of September, 1901, at 12 o'clock M., the following described tract of Land, situated in the county of New Hanover, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the Poor House tract on Smith's Creek and running thence along the east line of said tract north 45 degrees east 2,630 feet, to a stone marked N. H. C.; thence with said line north 45 degrees west 1,185 feet 15 minutes east, 775 feet to the corner of Garrell's land; thence with Garrell's line 14 degrees east 493 feet to another of his corners; thence along the line of said tract north 76 degrees east 1,254 feet, to a pine tree, marking the corners of Garrell's and Kerr's lines; thence with Kerr's line south 72 degrees east 1,846 feet to a stake; thence south 49½ degrees east 1,716 feet, to or near Smith's Creek; thence southwestwardly with the creek to the beginning, containing about 1,000 acres.

WASHINGTON CATLETT,
au 22 4t su Commissioner.

The Sugar and Coffee Deal Off.

So try this one week.

One gallon pure Apple Cider Vinegar, guaranteed best quality	40c
One box "Fine Art" Toilet Soap, elegantly scented,	25c
	65c
These are regular prices. All for the sum of	35c

Send down your JUG.

S. W. SANDERS,

At The Unlucky Corner.
Both Phones 109 sep 21 tf

Tumbler Baking Powder

$110 11 in 5c Tumbler Powder.
$98 15 in Jersey Baking Powder.
$115 09 in P. & M. Baking Powder.
$104 03 in G. L. Powder.
$210 00 in Horsford's Powder.
$815 98 in New Mullets.
$796 85 in R. P. Oats.
$21 16 in White Seed Oats.
$149 53 in Seed Rye.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,
308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
sep 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.
au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22.

WILL HE LEAD OR FOLLOW?

President Roosevelt has declared that it is his purpose to follow the policy foreshadowed by his predecessor in his Buffalo speech, that is to promote the expansion of our commerce by reciprocity treaties with other countries, reform in the tariff by removing the protective duties from articles on which protection is no longer necessary, by encouraging the building of an American merchant marine with the aid of government subsidies, and by aiding in the construction of the Isthmus canal. These were the cardinal points of the policy outlined in that speech.

There is nothing in this that Mr. Roosevelt could not pledge himself to, as it was simply a reiteration of what Mr. McKinley had previously asserted and what his party, including Mr. Roosevelt, had virtually endorsed. He will doubtless follow that policy but he is not going to be a mere follower for he is a man who does some thinking for himself and will hardly be content with following strictly on the lines drawn by some one else, and however much he may be disposed to do that out of regard to the memory of his predecessor and to quiet apprehensions of any radical departures, new questions will arise and these he will meet in accordance with his own views.

There is nothing now which might call for action of this kind but in these days of planning and plotting for national advantages there is no telling what the conditions may be three or six months hence, or what questions he may have to consider. There is no apprehension at present of complications with any foreign government and there is no foreign government which would not do a very large amount of embassadorial correspondence before it would give offence to this country, whose friendship, whatever the motive may be, they all desire. There is not one of them which has anything to gain by becoming involved with this country, they all know that, and hence while their newspapers indulge in more or less anti-American talk, their government directors will let them do the talking while they do the thinking and the acting. Therefore there will be little occasion, as far as indications now point, for Mr. Roosevelt to have to deal with important international questions; but we have little doubt, if there were, that he would do it in a conservative, but manly and thoroughly American way. He, as all Presidents are supposed to do, would, if any serious question should arise, counsel with with his cabinet, and be governed by their views; and cabinets, as a rule, are conservative, as they are not directly before the public, and are not seekers for fame. They know the President gets credit for any particularly popular disposition of any question that comes before the cabinet, and is held responsible if there should be dissatisfaction.

As indicating the course he would pursue in the event of misunderstandings with other nations his remarks in his Minneapolis speech on the Monroe Doctrine are interesting, the substance of which was that if we have misunderstandings with other Governments about that or anything else we should exhaust every possible effort to maintain friendly relations and peace, but if that failed then we must assert our readiness and determination to resist and resent imposition or aggression and be prepared to do so. That is precisely what any other thoroughbred American would do, first get on the right side, do what we could to avert trouble, and failing in that, let those who challenge us know that we are always ready and willing to fight when necessary, or when justice or our manhood are involved.

Mr. Roosevelt will have three years and a half to serve as President, three years and a half that may be pregnant with mighty events. He is a young man, a virile man, an ambitious man with a commendable ambition and he is not going to be content to meekly follow the lines laid down by any one. He has been quoted as having said that while he *was* a candidate for the Presidency he is no longer a candidate. Possibly not in the sense of soliciting support in the next convention, but that does not preclude the desire to be President by the vote of the people, instead of by accident. He feels, and says, the Presidency did not come to him in the way he would have liked it to come. Now he regards himself as an accidental President and his ambition will be to so administer his office as to win the endorsement of his party and become his own successor, if his party win. It is not to be supposed for a moment that in ceasing to be a "candidate," as he expresses it, he has ceased to desire the nomination for which he had begun to work. He will continue to work for it, but in a different and less conspicuous way. Of course he will have opposition unless developments in the future show that opposition would be useless.

His most formidable prospective competitor, Mr. Hanna, is eliminated from the contest now, and will henceforth never be the factor in national politics that he was. He deeply feels the loss of his friend, the late President, to whom he was attached not only by political but by strong personal ties, for he loved McKinley, and that was one of the reasons why he took such a deep and active interest in politics. He is a master organizer, knows the power of money and hence was a potent factor in our politics and perhaps enjoyed his triumphs on account of his friend and the satisfaction that victory brings to the average man, especially when he has to fight hard for it. But his main inspiration has passed away, there is no personality now in whom he takes much interest; his Presidential aspirations have sustained a serious setback and it would not surprise us to see him retire from political life at the end of his term as Senator. While he will continue to have influence with his party and command the ear of President Roosevelt, he will no longer be the factor at the White House nor in national politics that he was. Mr. McKinley's friends will gradually drop out and Mr. Roosevelt's come in, and then, perhaps, new policies will develop, which will he shaped by circumstances.

THEY CAN BE BARRED OUT

Since the assassination of President McKinley some of the most notorious anarchists in Europe have announced their intention to come to this country to live, and the question has been asked can they, under our immigration laws, be excluded? The Washington *Post* believes they can be, and thus forcibly supports its contention:

"The complaint is heard on various sides that we cannot keep alien anarchists out of this country till we get some amendments to our immigration laws. Is this true? The law of March 3d, 1891, defines the classes of alien immigrants who are to be excluded, besides contract laborers and Chinese. These are idiots, insane persons, paupers, or persons likely to become a public charge, victims of certain kinds of disease, convicted criminals, polygamists and 'assisted' immigrants. Possibly the ban upon 'persons likely to become a public charge' was originally designed to keep out a shiftless and irresponsible class rather than persons capable of bearing their share of the burdens of their new national affiliation; but although the act contains several moderating provisos, it nowhere limits the broad terms used in this passage.

In his own field the Secretary of the Treasury is clothed with almost despotic power in administering the immigration laws. He may not make regulations outside of the laws for the purpose of extending their scope; but everywhere within the ordinary meaning of their phraseology he is the final arbiter. A citizen whom he undertakes to exclude as an alien can sue out a writ of habeas corpus and have his status judiciously determined, but otherwise the courts are practically without power to interfere. Why, then, should not the Secretary of the Treasury add to his regulations one declaring that from this time forward anarchists are to be regarded as persons likely to become a public charge and leave it to the anarchists to say what they are going to do about it?

"There can be no question that the Secretary would be upheld in taking such a step. If it be within his province to decide that one man with a single gold piece in his pocket has in him the making of a good citizen, and may, therefore, be allowed to land, while another with ten times as much must be shut out as on the way to the hospital or poorhouse, why has he not an equal right to say that a person who belongs to a criminal-breeding cult is on the high road to prison or the gallows, and that the government therefore, cannot afford to let him in? The courts put forth constructions of the law as broad as this every day. Common sense and sentiment would approve it. Let Congress have an example of independence and courage such as was set to the Illinois Legislature when Judge Gary snapped his fingers at quibbles and undertook the administration of substantial justice in the Haymarket cases.

"Amend the immigration laws by all means. Make them as drastic against murder-preaching as against poligamy. But, meanwhile, there is no reason why we should not enjoy the whole benefit of such laws as we already have. Congress will then have no excuse whatever for further ignoring the demands of the entire American people."

Where there is any doubt as to whether the immigrant is an anarchist he might be given the benefit of the doubt, but in that case he should be held until this doubt is removed, but when anarchism is openly avowed and the man is a self-confessed foe of society and an inciter to riot and murder then the law, if there be any elasticity in it, should be stretched to cover his case, and relieve a threatened community from the peril of his presence.

Such a man has no more right to thrust himself upon us than an incendiary with a torch in his hand has to demand hospitality under the roof he intends to destroy. There is no oppression or proscription in that. It is simply telling that man he is not wanted, to stay where he is and that he will be shut out if he comes. If he come after such a warning he does it knowingly and takes the chances of being sent back.

A NEW KIND OF PROTECTION.

Since the New England mills have begun to feel the effects of competition by Southern mills efforts have been made to secure the passage of a law by Congress regulating the hours of labor in mills throughout the country, designating the number of hours which shall constitute a day's work, &c. In most, if not all, of the Eastern States there are State laws making ten hours a day's work, but in the South there are no such restrictive laws and the operatives in many if not most of the mills work twelve hours.

A bill for this purpose was introduced some time ago by a member of Congress from Massachusetts, but it didn't go through. But they haven't abandoned it and the probabilities are they will try again. The following unique extract from an article in *Gunton's Magazine* is the latest and richest we have seen in that line:

"Symptoms are again visible of a labor disturbance in Fall River, Mass, because of a threatened wage reduction, which is really due to the pressure of competion between New England and the South in cotton manufacture. Nothing could better illustrate the need of a broad protective policy. In this instance, of course, it cannot come in the form of tariffs, nor should it, but it can and ought to come in the form of uniform hours of labor throughout the country. The interest of civilization demands that the more advanced sections of the country shall not, by reason of their advancement, be put to a disadvantage as compared with the less advanced. As far as possible, without paternal interference, public policy should insist that the competitive opportunities shall be approximate equal. Wages and other items of cost must be left to the free action of economic forces, but the State can and ought to see that, so far as the legal length of the working day is concerned for competing industries, it should be alike for all. It is a matter of national importance that the social conditions of the most advanced sections of the country shall not be injured and the standard of life of the laborer lowered by unequal economic conditions which might and ought to be made uniform throughout the country."

This guardian of the New England mills wants Congress to step in and protect the mills up there from the Southern mills, which sell goods cheaper than they can, because labor costs less. But why didn't he while he was about it ask for the enactment of a law prohibiting the Southern mills from selling goods for less than the New England mills ask, or requiring that whenever the New England mills are compelled to shut down the Southern mills should also be required to shut down, and that the Southern mills be not permitted to buy cotton for less money than the New England mills have to pay? If the New England mills have special claim on the paternal care of the Government as against the Southern mills, they ought to make their demand comprehensive enough to give them a dead sure thing.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— By requiring notice of application for pardon to be advertised for a certain length of time in the papers of the locality whence the convict came, the Governor of North Carolina has succeeded in relieving himself of great annoyance and in keeping many scoundrels from being turned loose on the community before their penitentiary terms are ended.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

— William J. Bryan will have further endeared himself to his friends and bettered himself in the opinion of his opponents by his large minded tribute to the late President and his generous words of appreciation for his successor. All men are drawn together in the awful presence of death, and very often an unsuspected greatness of soul finds revelation.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Contrary to the popular belief, says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, eight of the twelve jurymen who condemned Guiteau and who were the subjects of his bitter curse for their verdict, are still living and are doing reasonably well in the world. "Mrs. Surratt," it is added, "innocently hanged, forgave her slayers, blessed and did not curse them. She died like a good woman, unjustly condemned. But the vengeance of heaven fell upon nearly all who were chiefly responsible for death."—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

— "It's no use," sighed the pork packer's fair daughter, trying to get in society when pa insists on calling a golf club a shinny stick."—*Judge.*

— Tommy (sobbing)—"Does it re-really h-hurt to wh-whip me, ma-ma?" Ma—"Yes, my son; very much more than it hurts you." Tommy (drying his eyes)—"I'm so glad!"—*Stray Stories.*

— "The duke," said the European gentleman, "belongs to one of the most eminent and influential families of our time." Indeed!" responded the American millionaire, with interest, "Who is his father-in-law?"—*Washington Star.*

— Histrionic Ability.—Manager: It's a wonder Roadsley didn't give you an engagement in his company. He thinks you're a good actor. Actor: Does he? Manager—Yes, he says you can ask for a big salary as if you expected to get it.—*Puck.*

— A Bar to Marriage: Daughter (coaxing)—"Papa, do have a little mercy, and let Charles and me be happy together." Papa (mathematical professor)—"What? You want to think of marriage when you don't even know where to find the hypothenuse of a right-angled triangle?" —*N. Y. Times.*

— Mrs. Dawn — You hateful thing. You told Millie Meadows you only wished you were single again. Mr. Dawn (with happy inspiration)—Of course, I did. It was only that I might experience once again the joy I felt when you accepted me, darling. Mrs. Dawn—You dear boy! I knew you couldn't be so cruel.—*Washington Star.*

— "Is she an up-to-date girl?" he repeated. "Is she? Well, rather. Why, do you know what she did?" "What?" "Well, sir, when the young man to whom she was engaged began to show indications of a desire to reconsider, she went into court and applied for an injunction to restrain him from breaking the engagement." —*Chicago Post.*

— First Traveller—Do you understand this labor question that everybody is talking about? Second Traveller (emphatically)—I do not, sir. First Traveller—Well, I'll explain it to you. Second Traveller—You'll have to excuse me. You see I'm going to be on the train only seventeen hours.—*Life.*

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

GET UP!

That's the morning call of Chanticleer. It's a welcome cry to a well man. But to a man whose sleep seems to have been only an unrefreshing stupor; who wakes with burning eyes, throbbing head, and a bad taste in the mouth, it means only a new day's misery.

In such a physical condition health is most surely and swiftly restored by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, and it cures through the stomach diseases of liver, lungs, kidneys, etc., which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It increases the activity of the blood-making glands, and every organ is benefited by the resulting increase of rich, pure blood.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy have been of great benefit to me," writes (Prof.) Pleasant A. Oliver, of Viola, Fulton Co., Ark. "Before I used the above mentioned remedies my sleep was not sound; digestion bad; a continual feeling of misery. I now feel like a new man. Any one in need of medical treatment for nasal catarrh could do no better than to take treatment of Dr. R. V. Pierce. I know his medicines are all right in this class of diseases."

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, cloth binding, sent free by the author, on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of mailing *only*. In paper covers 21 one-cent stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: The farmers are seriously considering what to do with their cotton seed. It is maintained that the oil trust have fixed a price too low. So low, many say, that they will save money by putting the seed on the land underground.

— Wilson *News*: Wild geese were heard in great numbers last night. Flock after flock passed over the city going South. It is an old saying that when they begin going southward so early as this, a severe winter and early cool weather are assured.

— Kinston *Gazette*: Mary Parker, an old colored woman, said to be more than 100 years old, was found dead in her bed this morning at her home near Kinston. Some member of the family went to call her to breakfast as usual, when she was found on her side dead.

— Maxton *Scottish Chief*: The wife of "Bub" McLean died Tuesday morning under rather suspicious circumstances. It is alleged that her death resulted from brutality at the hands of her husband. He was under arrest. An inquest has been held, and sufficient evidence to hold McLean was not forthcoming, and he has been discharged and the remains interred.

— Smithfield *Herald*: The excessive rains the past few days have had a very depressing influence on the farmers everywhere. The crops in this section are very short and the rains have already greatly injured the opening cotton, causing the outlook to seem gloomier than ever.

— Elizabeth City *Economist*: The excitement over the burglars entering so many houses in town has been growing for the past few weeks. The greatest care in closing up at night is exercised. Guns have been placed in convenient places, and the master has made it known that shooting is strictly in order. The ladies of the household are in a constant state of terror.

— Sanford *Express*: The corn and cotton crops will be short in this section this year, but there will be an abundance of hay and the farmers are saving it, too. —— We are told that there are three families living near Lemon Springs of 15 children each, making in all 45. —— The Sanford Funiture Manufacturing Company is receiving more orders for furniture than they can possibly fill. They manufacture an excellent quality of furniture, for which there is a great demand. Several new hands have been added to the factory force during the past few days.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. G. B. W. Dunn, a prominent farmer residing near Lumber Bridge, died on Thursday night, aged 67 years. —— Mr. J. Sam Harper has five or six specimens of mineral ore from his place at Cumnock, including iron, iron pyrites, soapstone, slate and painters's clay. —— Mr. Dwight Ashley, of Paterson, N. J., of the Ashley-Bailey silk mill, says he has no intention of building another silk mill here for the present. He also informed an *Observer* reporter that the flogging of the negro employes of the mill here had been discontinued. He says he thinks that better results will follow its discontinuance. The whipping was confined to the more youthful employes and was done with the consent of the parents.

— Nubbins—Talking of matrimony, there are few persons who wed their ideals. Stebbins—That's the reason. I suppose why marriages are sometimes happy.—*Boston Transcript.*

No Right To Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes; smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a rundown invalid. Only 50c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

ATLANTA, GA., NOV. 19, 1900.

We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.

THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists. +

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

THE USED-TO-BE.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

Beyond the purple, hazy trees
Of summer's utmost boundaries;
Beyond the sands—beyond the seas—
Beyond the range of eyes like these,
And only in the reach of the
Enraptured gaze of Memory,
There lies a land, long lost to me—
The land of Used-to-Be.

A land enchanted—such as swung
In golden seas when sirens clung
Along their dripping brinks and sung
To Jason in that mystic tongue
That dazed men with its melody—
Oh, such a land, with such a sea
Kissing its shores eternally,
Is the fair Used-to-Be.

A land where music ever girds
The air with belts of singing birds,
And sows all sounds with such sweet words
That even in the low of herds
A meaning lives so sweet to me,
Lost laughter ripples limpidly
From lips brimmed over with the glee
Of rare old Used-to-Be.

Lost laughter and the whistled tunes
Of boyhood's mouth of crescent runes.
That rounded, through long afternoons,
To serenading prenilunes—
When starlight fell so mistily
That, peering up from bended knee,
I dreamed 'twas bridal drapery
Showed over Used-to-Be.

O, land of love and dreamy thoughts,
And shining fields and shady spots,
Of coolest, greenest grassy plots,
Embossed with wild forget-me nots!—
And all ye blooms that longingly
Lift your fair faces up to me
Out of the past I kiss in ye
The lips of Used-to-Be.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Thomas' church: First mass 7 A. M., last mass 10:30 A. M.

Services at Seaman's Bethel this afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Mr. Horsfield. Public are invited.

Services in St. James Church—Holy communion, 7:45 o'clock; morning prayer and sermon, 11 o'clock; evening prayer, 5:30 o'clock.

Services in St. John's church to day, 10th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. Holy communion 7:45 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon 11 o'clock.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. German services to-day at 11 A. M., English services at 8 P. M. and Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Everybody cordially invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street above Bladen street, Rev. C. W. Kegley pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. and preaching at 11 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— He who cares not for the heathen in foreign lands cares not for his own soul.

— In this life there is but one sure happiness—to live for others. —*Leo Toistoi.*

— We have no right to expect the Lord will help us next week unless we let him help us now.

— The believer casts all his care upon the Lord. He reclines his head on the soft bosom of Providence, and falls to sleep.

— Man is not sufficient for his own happiness; he is not happy except the presence of God be with him. —*J. H. Newman.*

— When a man wishes God to be like himself, it argues that he is vicious; but, when he desires to be like God, it indicates that he is virtuous.

— Christian nations have combined to suppress the sale of slaves. Is it too much to ask that they combine to prevent the sale of liquor?

— "For their sakes I sanctify myself, that they also might be sanctified. I am my best, not simply for myself but for the world."—*Phillip Brooks.*

— Let us leave anxieties to God. Why need we bargain that our life should be a success, still less that it should not be a success purchased by sacrifices and sufferings?—*James Hinton.*

— If you are a strong, well established Christian never complain that your pastor does not visit you, provided he is faithful to visit the sick, the halting and wavering ones, and the sinners without, whom he may lead to Christ.—*Arkansas Methodist.*

He Was Superstitious.

He was a big, hearty workingman, and when a spare, thin little man entered the tram car, stumbled and sat upon him he said in reply to the little man's apologies:

"Don't trouble, sir; it's all right. There's no 'arm done."

When we saw the big man a week later, we were shocked at the change in him. He seemed to have shrunk to half his former bulk.

"Why, whatever's the matter?" we exclaimed.

"You remember that little man wot sat on me in the train last week, sir?"

"Yes."

"Well, it's all through 'im I'm wastin away like this!"

"Preserve us!" we cried. "How? Why?"

The shrunken giant wrung his hands in despair.

"I found out next day," he groaned, "that 'e was the coroner. An 'e sat on me! I'm shuperstishus, an it's lookin ahead I am. Oh, Lor'!"—London Mail.

How She Settled the Question.

The question of precedence at dinner and at social functions at Washington is a weighty one in official circles, but once upon a time there was a western senator whose wife thought very lightly on this subject. She was in Washington for a good time, and she resolved to have it without bothering about precedence.

This fearless little woman gave a dinner on one occasion, and when it was time to get her guests from the drawing room into the dining room she said:

"There is some precedence about all this, but I don't know what it is. Just shoo out to dinner, every one of you, and sit down anywhere you please."

This stroke of western diplomacy worked perfectly.—Exchange.

A Powder Mill Explosion

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. Don't dynamite the delicate machinery of your body with calomel, croton oil or aloes pills, when Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are gentle as a summer breeze, do the work perfectly. Cures Headache, Constipation. Only 25 cts. at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

BACKACHE

SHOULD WARN WOMEN.

MISS LUCY ANNIE HEISER, OF MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Miss Lucy Annie Heiser, a graduated nurse of nine years' experience, trained and graduated from the Homeopathic Hospital of Minneapolis, Minn., writes as follows:

Albert Lea, Minn., Nov. 8, 1899.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen—"Although my school does not believe in patent medicines, I have found it to be a fact that Peruna is a grand and valuable medicine. I have known it to cure Mrs. Sampson, suffering with an inflamed womb, aggravated by malaria, after the doctors had failed to help her. Another of my former patients suffered with a complication of female diseases; she was so thin, nothing but skin and bones, but Peruna cured her and she is to-day in good health and good flesh. Facts prove that Peruna revives lost strength and restores to the sick that most wonderful blessing of life.—health."

Lucy Annie Heiser.

From Mrs. Amanda Shumaker, who has charge of the Grammar Department of the Public Schools, of Columbia City, Wash., also Past Grand of Independent Order of Good Templars. Dr. Hatman received the following letter:

COLUMBIA CITY, WASH.

"I can speak only good words of the repeated benefits I have had from the use of Peruna.

"Too constant application to work last winter caused me to have severe head and backache and dragging pains. I could not stop my work, neither was I fit to go on. Reading of the beneficial results from the use of Peruna I purchased a bottle and within a few days after using it, began to feel better.

"I constantly improved and before the seventh bottle was completely used, all pains were gone, my strength was restored, and I now seem ten years' younger.

"If I get tired or feel bad, Peruna at once helps me, and I feel you deserve praise for placing such a conscientious medicine before a suffering public."

Mrs. Amanda Shumaker.

Mattie B. Curtis, Secretary Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass., writes:

Mattie B. Curtis.

"I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility, manifested especially in severe backache and headache.

"My physician prescribed different medicines, none of which seemed to help me any until a club associate advised me to try Peruna, as it cured her of constitutional headache and stomach troubles. I at once ordered a bottle and before it was used, felt greatly improved.

"I have taken four bottles and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies. Several of my friends are using Peruna with beneficial results, especially in cases of troubles with the kidneys and other pelvic organs, together with weaknesses peculiar to women."

Peruna is a specific for the catarrhal derangements of women. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for free book on catarrh written by Dr. S. B. Hartman.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, September 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.35 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet and steady at $1.00 per barrel for hard, $1.90 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 36¼@36c; rosin dull at $1.15@1.20; tar firm at $1.40; crude turpentine steady at $1.10 @2.10.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	42
Rosin	334
Tar	40
Crude turpentine	83

Receipts same day last year—212 casks spirits turpentine, 323 bbls rosin, 105 bbls tar, 58 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 7-16	cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 15-16	" "
Low middling	7 7-16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 10½c for middling.

Receipts—482 bales; same day last year, 3,490.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70@75c. Virginia—Prime 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm, 75 to 77c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 14c per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12c; sides, 11 to 12c.

EGGS—Firm at 16@16½c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 22 to 25c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Nothing doing.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Nothing doing.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Money on call to-day was nominal. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange nominal; actual business in bankers' bills at 484⅞@485 for demand and 482⅛@482¼ for sixty days. Posted rates were 483¼ and 486. Commercial bills 481⅞@482¼. Bar silver 58¼. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 108⅛; U. S. refu'g 2's, coupon, 109; U. S. 2's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108; do. coupon, 108; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 139; do. coupon, 139; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 112; do. coupon, 113; U. S. 5's, do. reg'd, 108; coupon, 108; Southern Railway 5's 116¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 94. Chesapeake & Ohio 46⅝; Manhattan L 122⅞; N.Y. Central 157¼; Reading —; do. 1st pref'd 76⅝; do. 2nd pref'd 54; St. Paul 163⅞; do. pref'd, 188¼; Southern R'way 34¼; do. pref'd 89⅛; Amalgamated Copper 100¼; American Tobacco —; People's Gas 108¼; Sugar 132¼; T. C. & Iron 63⅜; U. S. Leather 12⅞; do. pref'd, 81⅛; Western Union 92⅛; U. S. Steel 43¼; do. preferred 93⅝; Mexican National 14¼. Standard Oil 761@765; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60⅛; do preferred 123.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 21.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 27⅞@28¼; do, preferred, 51⅓. Bonds—4's 83⅞@84⅞.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 40. Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 36¼@36¾c.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 21.—Spirits turpentine dull; nothing doing; quotations omitted. Rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33⅝@33¾; receipts 753 casks; sales 1,438 casks; exports 340 casks Rosin firm; receipts 2,907 barrels; sales 2,442 barrels; exports 457 barrels. A, B, C, $1 00; D, $1 00; E, $1 05; F, $1 10; G, $1 20; H, $1 25; I, $1 35; K, $1 80; M, $2 20; N, $2 70; W G, $3 10; W W, $3 50.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The cotton market opened easy and down nine to eleven points in sympathy with weakness abroad, and following a less favorable review of the weak South by the *Chronicle* than looked for. October sold off to 7.70 and January to 7.74. From these figures there was a sharp rally immediately after the call on covering and buying on the reaction theory. Liverpool's decline of two and three points was said to have been the outgrowth of hedges near the close against purchases of cotton in the South. During the early morning, no efforts were made to depress the local market, which was disposed to do better on the least encouragement from the bull side. Trade was comparatively tame and was chiefly of a professional character. By 10:30 o'clock January had stiffened to 7.79, or within six points of last night's final bid. Though somewhat timid for the moment, the conservative traders were bullishly inclined on the crop news in hand, on the weather reports, and on the poor showing of receipts as compared with last year. The South and Wall street bought sparingly on the rally. The market for futures closed steady with prices net six to eight points lower.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8 5-16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady, as follows: September 7.76, October 7.73, November 7.75, December 7.77, January 7.78, February 7.78, March 7.80, April 7.80, May 7.81.

Spot cotton closed steady and 1-16c lower; middling uplands 8 5-16c; middling gulf 8 9-16c; sales 1,150 bales.

Net receipts 117 bales; gross receipts 300 bales; stock 87,144 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 20,704 bales; exports to Great Britain 709 bales; exports to France 2,500 bales; exports to the Continent 100 bales; stock 282,344 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 20,704 bales; exports to Great Britain 709 bales; exports to France 2,500 bales; exports to the Continent 100 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 239,601 bales; exports to Great Britain 79,432 bales; exports to France 13,743 bales; exports to the Continent 58,284 bales.

Sept. 21.—Galveston, steady at 8⅛c, net receipts 7,296 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 617 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅜c, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 8⅜c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 8c, net receipts 482 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 9-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, easy at 7⅞c, net receipts 4,865 bales; New Orleans, easier at 8⅛c, net receipts 5,639 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7⅞c, net receipts 1,219 bales; Memphis, steady at 8 1-16, net receipts 1,412 bales; Augusta, steady at 7 15-16c, net receipts 756 bales; Charleston, no report, net receipts 469 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Flour—market was steady; winter patents $3 50@3 80. Rye flour quiet; good to fair $2 80@3 15. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 76⅛c. Options were at first steady to firm with corn and on cable news, but this being very light, eased off a little toward midday on disappointing export demand. Closed easy at ⅛c net loss. The sales included: No. 2 red May closed 79¾c; September closed 74⅛c; October closed 74⅛c; December closed 76⅝. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 64⅛c. Options were firm on the English advance and light frosts in Iowa and Illinois, subsequently gave way to realizing, but rallied again on covering and closed steady at ⅛c net higher: Sales—May closed 64⅝c; September closed 63¼c; October closed —; December closed 63⅝c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 39c. Options steady but quiet. Lard steady; Western steam $10 55@10 60, refined steady. Butter was firm; creamery 15@21⅛c; State dairy 14@20. Cheese firm; fancy large colored 9c; fancy large white 9c. Pork steady; family $17 00@17 50. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 5⅛c. Cabbage steady; Long Island flat Dutch, per 100 $4 00@5 00. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 19@20c; Western candled 18⅛@19c. Peanuts quiet and steady; fancy hand-picked 4⅛c; other domestic 2⅛c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅞c. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 4⅛@6⅛; Japan 4⅞c. Potatoes—Market steady; Jerseys $1 75@2 25; Long Island $2 25@2 50; Jersey sweets, yellow, $2 25@2 75; New York $2 25. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 10c. Tallow firm; city($2 00 per package) 5⅛c.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—All markets on the Board of Trade, following the usual precedent for Saturday, were dull to-day. December wheat closed ⅛@¼c lower, December corn ⅛c higher, and December oats a shade up. Provisions closed 10 to 12½c lower.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Cash quotations: Flour was steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 67@68⅛c; No. 2 red 71⅛@71⅛. Corn—No. 2—c; yellow —c. Oats—No. 2 36⅛@37c; No. 2 white 38⅛@39⅛c; No. 3 white 38@39⅛c. Rye—No. 2 55⅛@56⅛c. Mess pork, per barrel, $14 90@14 95. Lard, per 100 lbs, $10 15@10 20. Short rib sides, loose, $8 85@9 05. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 52½@7 87½. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 45@9 55. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 69@69⅛, 69⅛, 68⅜, 68⅛c; December 71⅛@71⅛, 71⅛, 70⅞, 71c; May 74⅜@74⅜, 74⅜, 74⅛, 74⅜c. Corn—No. 2 September 56⅞, 57⅛, 56⅝, 57⅛c; December 58⅜@58⅝, 59, 58⅜, 58⅜c; May 60⅞@61⅛, 61⅛, 60⅛, 60⅝c. Oats No. 2 September 35, 35, 34⅛, 34⅞c; December 36⅛, 36⅝, 36⅛, 36⅛@36⅝; May 38⅛, 38⅛, 38⅛, 38⅛@38⅝c. Pork, per bbl—October—$14 90, 15 00, 14 82½, 14 85; January $16 40, 16 40, 16 25, 16 25. Lard, per 100 lbs—September $10 17½, 10 17½, 10 07½, 10 07½; October $10 25, 10 25, 10 02½, 1 02½; January $9 65, 9 72½, 9 52½, 9 55. Short ribs per 100lbs—September $8 97½, 8 97½, 8 87½, 8 87½; October $8 95, 9 10, 8 85, 8 85; January $8 57½, 8 57½, 8 42½, 8 42½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 21, 4:30 P. M.—Cotton: Spot, moderate business; prices unchanged to 1-16d lower; American middling fair 5 3-16d; good middling 4 31-32d; middling 4 11-16d; low middling 4 15-32d; good ordinary 4 5-32d; ordinary 3 29-32d. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 600 bales were for speculation and export and included 5,200 bales American. Receipts 26,000 bales, including 24,300 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed barely steady; American middling (l. m. c.) September 4 32-64d@4 33-64d buyer; October (g. o. c.) 4 24-64@4 25-64d seller; October and November 4 20-64d@4 21-64d seller; November and December 4 18-64d buyer; December and January 4 17-64d@4 18-64d seller; January and February 4 17-64@4 18-64d seller; February and March 4 17-64d@4 18-64d buyer; March and April 4 18-64d seller; April and May 4 18-64d value.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr Eva A Danenhower, 217 tons, Johnson, New York, by master.

CLEARED.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, New York, H G Smallbones.

Schr Catawamteak, Osmore, Inagua, Hayti, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Br steamship Torgorm, Halliday, Ghent, Belgium, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

GHENT — Br steamship Torgorm, 5,872 bales cotton, 3,017,612 pounds, valued at $251,500; cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

INAGUA—Schr Catawamteak, 93,318 feet lumber, 75,000 shingles, 5,000 brick; cargo by S & W H Northrop; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., September 22, 1901.

STEAMSHIPS.

Linwood, (Nor) 1,056 tons, Stubbs, Heide & Co.

Roxby, (Br) 1,964 tons, Shields, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Eva A Danenhower, 217 tons, Johnson, by master.

BARQUES.

Concordia, (Nor) 628 tons, Salvesen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—10 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 36 barrels rosin, 1 barrel tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—446 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 19 barrels rosin, 28 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels tar, 33 barrels turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—1 bale cotton, 79 barrels rosin, 9 barrels tar.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—6 casks spirits turpentine, 39 barrels rosin, 20 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Compton—25 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine, 65 barrels rosin.

Sch. Ruth J.—4 casks spirits turpentine, 76 barrels rosin.

Total—482 bales cotton, 42 casks spirits turpentine, 334 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar, 83 barrels crude turpentine.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THIS WHEELMAN HAS HAD A FALL. HE RAN OVER SOMETHING IN THE ROAD. WHAT WAS IT?

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

ASSETS - - - - - $2,000,000.

Financial Strength.
Paid out to stockholders since organization, 1892.....$66,250
Liberality, promptness, modern methods.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.
J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. sep 8 tf

Surplus Is Strength

With assets of over $800,000.00 and surplus of over $30,000.00 we guarantee absolute security to depositors intrusting their money to our keeping. We solicit your account. Four per cent. interest paid on all amounts of $5.00 and over. No notice required before the withdrawal of money. Deposits received now bear interest from October 1st.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.
se 20 tf

Take Notice

Our next regular interest quarter begins on October 1st. Money deposited now draws 4 per cent. per annum from that date, payable January 1st. If you are not already a depositor become one now. We offer you absolute security and every legitimate accommodation and want your business.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
sep 20 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

HORSE HATS.

The S. P. Cowan Livery Co.

'Phone 15. 108, 110, 112, North Second Street.
aug 3 tf

Founded 1845 **Limestone College for Women** Gaffney, S. C.

Next Session Begins September 18, 1901.

LIMESTONE COLLEGE, a high-grade institution of learning, invites the patronage of the Southern people on the ground of its high standard, which is the equal of that of any college in the United States whether for men or for women. Its thorough instruction, which is given by a large and able Faculty, using university methods, and its persistent and successful endeavor to develop in its students the highest culture, combined with refinement of manners and elevation of character. The institution possesses a location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness in the entire South, buildings thoroughly equipped for college work, a splendid library, excellent laboratories, and all the material accessories of study. The College invites inspection of all these advantages. But the emphasis is laid upon the WORK DONE. Full literary, scientific, musical and artistic courses. Besides the degree of A. B., the degree of A. M. is given for advanced graduate work. THE WINNIE DAVIS SCHOOL OF HISTORY, endorsed by all the great leaders of the South, by the Legislature of South Carolina, the Legislature of Maryland, and the great Confederate Reunion at Louisville, gives elaborate instruction in Southern History and Southern Literature. For further information, apply to Capt. H. F. Griffith, Senior Professor, or to the President.
jy 25 3m LEE DAVIS LODGE, A. M., Ph. D.

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Of Wilmington, N. C.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

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jy 26 tf

WHY SUFFER FROM CHILLS, FEVERS NIGHT SWEATS

ROBERTS' CURES CHILLS TASTELESS CURES GRIPPE CHILL TONIC NO CURE 25¢ NO PAY LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS ON EVERY BOTTLE

Grippe and all other forms of maladies when you can be cured by

Roberts' Chill Tonic

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D. I. WATSON, Southport, N. C.
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For handsomely illustrated catalogue apply to PRESIDENT HOBGOOD.
jy 11 tf

CHOPSTICK DINNERS.

A FAD WITH WOULD BE BOHEMIANS IN NEW YORK.

Chinese Restaurants There Tolerate a Free and Easy Etiquette, and Everybody Does Just About as He or She Pleases.

In the last few years a surprisingly large number of Chinese restaurants have made their appearance in up town districts in New York. The tawdry outward decorations of red and blue lights and huge gilt Chinese characters are in every case the same. The same, too, are the unattractive entrances, the walls decorated with colored pictures of pretty Chinese girls and marvelous specimens of landscapes, the little tables covered with white oilcloth, the general dilapidation of the establishment. Nothing about them seems attractive, and yet these places thrive, and their number increases with astonishing rapidity. The reason is not far to seek if one is at all familiar with the facts. There are several characteristics of the Chinese restaurant which recommend it highly to certain classes and seem to indicate that its popularity is not a mere fad.

In the first place it should be understood that most of these places are really what they are supposed to be, eating houses carried on under Chinese management. The cooks are invariably true Celestials, and in only a few cases are the proprietors Americans. The food is prepared, therefore, according to the most approved methods of the Middle Kingdom, with the result that in cheapness and savoriness (if you like it) it can easily outclass similar places run by American cooks. The Chinese is a master of the art of making palatable dishes out of next to nothing or rather a little of everything. Not even the French cook can rival him. The insipidity of cheap chophouses and the sameness of the dairy lunch counters are thus escaped by frequenters of these restaurants. Moreover, in spite of appearances the food is prepared in an extremely cleanly manner. No one is debarred from entering the kitchen, and a visit thither sends one back with renewed appetite to the untidy eating room. So many who while possessed of a small share of this world's goods still affect "sportiness" frequent the restaurant for its cheapness and grow to enjoy the highly flavored dishes.

There is also a free and easy atmosphere about the Chinese eating house which attracts many would be "Bohemians" as well as a goodly share of a class below the lowest grades of the city's many graded Bohemia. Visitors loll about and talk and laugh loudly. When the waiter is wanted, some one emits a shrill yell which brings an answering whoop from the kitchen, followed sooner or later by a little Chinese at a jog trot. Any one who feels like it may stroll into the kitchen and try a little pigeon English on the cook. The proprietor will teach anybody to use the chopsticks and roar with laughter over the failures of the novice. Everybody does as he or she pleases within certain very elastic bounds. The limit is reached sooner in some places than in others, for while some of the houses are before midnight at least perfectly well conducted others are of more than questionable respectability. It is curious and interesting to note that under American management the tone of these places is lower than when the Chinese are in sole control.

These new up town places are not so good, either in a moral or a culinary way, as those down in Chinatown. It is usual to speak as if Mott and Pell streets were the city's sink of iniquity, and so they are in some respects, but there are no Chinese restaurants in the neighborhood as disreputable as one or two up town. The clientele of the down town places is above suspicion as a rule. Chinese drop in for their meals, and dwellers from up town come either from curiosity or because they have learned to like good Chinese cooking. Up town the bills of fare are more limited. "Yockaman," "chop suey" and "chowman" are the pieces de resistance. They answer the purpose certainly, for 25 cents' worth of some kinds of chop suey served with rice will make a toothsome dish for two people. Tea is served free of charge, and the quantity is not limited. But no one should judge the Celestials' culinary skill by these up town houses.

Many of the guests in these restaurants come regularly. Frequently men and women come with pails to buy the food and take it home. Negroes are in disproportionately large numbers. They seem to like the Chinese, and indeed the noise in the kitchen reminds one of the similar condition of southern kitchens under negro management. However solemn the Chinese may seem to be in public, he is a cheerful creature in his own kitchen. Talk and laughter, even music during "off" hours, float out to the dining room. All the servants seem ready to break into smiles at the smallest provocation. They are always ready to exchange jests with their patrons, but familiarity never becomes impertinence. The Chinese doesn't care what happens so long as he is left unmolested. He likes everything to be slipshod and merry.—New York Tribune.

Betraying Buckles.

General Duhesme was a distinguished French veteran, slain by the Prussians after the rout of Waterloo. He was full of resource and had great skill and presence of mind. At Pescara, when he was in great danger, a large fortress in front and a savage insurrection in his rear, his own common sense saved him.

"Who commands at Pescara?" he asked a soldier.

"There are two."

"What is the grade of the chief in command?"

"A brigadier general."

"His name?"

"De Pietramaggiore."

"His title?"

"A marquis."

"His age?"

"About 70."

"Is he well preserved? Does he keep his color?"

"He is thin and pallid."

"Is his voice strong and manly?"

"It is weak and dull."

"Is he lively, gay?"

"Neither the one nor the other."

"What does he wear on his head?"

"He is powdered, and his hair is done in locks."

"Has he boots and spurs?"

"No; he wears silk stockings, shoes and great buckles."

"Great buckles!" cried Duhesme. "Bring up the guns and begin firing! The place is mine!"

Why "Wedding Breakfast?"

"In all my experience of wedding breakfasts," said a guest at a wedding, "I have never understood why the feast was called a breakfast and not a luncheon. Now I have learned. It is from the custom in the Church of England, where the bride and bridegroom always receive the holy communion before the ceremony, receive it fasting and remain fasting until after the wedding, when the meal which is served is really a breakfast."—New York Times.

An Excuse For a Pardon.

When the stern Duke of Wellington was prime minister under George IV, he managed the old monarch easily enough, but when he attempted the same tactics with the young Queen Victoria he met his match. She constantly outwitted him. One of his earliest official acts was to bring before her a court-martial death sentence which he expected her to sign as a matter of course. A soldier was to be executed for desertion, and as the death warrant was placed before the queen by the duke she raised her eyes, full of tears, to his face, saying:

"Have you nothing to say in behalf of this poor man?"

"Nothing," said the duke, standing at attention like one of his own privates; "he has deserted three times."

"Oh, your grace, think again," pleaded the queen as if she were asking for the life of her dearest friend.

"Well, your majesty, he certainly is a bad soldier, but there was somebody who spoke for his good character. He may be a tolerably good fellow in civil life."

"Oh, thank you," said the queen in heartfelt tones, and before the astonished duke could utter a word of protest she had written across the paper the word "Pardoned."

Perambulating Goat Dairies.

There are a couple of European dairies in Athens whose proprietors keep cows, but they do business mostly with the foreigners and with those Greeks who ape foreign manners. Your genuine Athenian believes the goat to be the proper milk producing animal, and he regards the cow in this connection about the same as Americans do the mare.

The milkman takes his animals with him, jangling their bells and sneezing. "Gaia!" he shouts, with a quick, startling cry, with a "g" whose guttural quality is unattainable by adult learners and usually unperceived by them. When a customer comes to the door, he strips the desired quantity into the proffered receptacle before her vigilant eyes, selecting one of the goats and paying no attention to the others, who understand the business as well as he does. Patiently they stand about, chewing the cud or resting on contiguous doorsteps.

When their master moves on, they arise and follow, more faithful than dogs.—Scribner's Magazine.

How Do You Pronounce "Dog?"

How do you pronounce "dog?" The chances are that, if you are an average Massachusetts citizen, you pronounce the "o" rather broad, like "o" in song. The Century Dictionary, which is a very indulgent dictionary indeed, allows you to pronounce it so if you wish, but no other dictionary does. You should really sound the "o" as in not. Likewise how do you pronounce "hog?" Even the Century won't let you say "hawg." This reminds me that a friend has written the following beautiful but abstruse poem:

MY HOG AND MY DOG.
[A lesson in pronunciation.]
I once owned a roving hog
And likewise a little dog,
Whom I chained unto a log
To keep him from a log
Which was near.

That my faithful little dawg,
Despite the chain and bawg,
Would pursue that roving hawg
And get drowned in the bawg
Was my fear.

—Boston Journal.

Ready Excuse.

Beggar—Say, boss, won't you help a poor fellow out of a job?

Joakley—Gracious! Can't you get out of it without my help? Pretend you're sick or something.—Philadelphia Press.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continue to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvellous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
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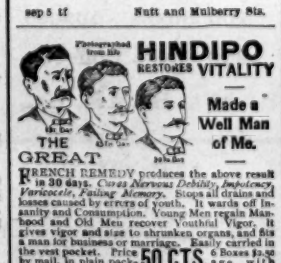

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THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price $1.00 a Box; 6 Boxes $5.00 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN G. HARRE, Paris

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A. D. BROWN.

CARPETS, RUGS AND MATTINGS.

We are now receiving our new stock of Carpets, Rugs and Mattings for the Fall season of 1901. In extent of assortment, beauty of styles and values, they will strongly interest any one wishing to purchase such goods. The assortment embraces Ingrains, Tapestry, Axminster, Body Brussels, Extra Supers, Three-Plys, Wilton's and Velvets.

REVERSABLE BRUSSELS ART SQUARES

In entirely new patterns.

Navajo Indian Art Squares in different sizes. Rugs at all prices and sizes to match Carpets. We have never shown a more attractive line of Mattings. You are respectfully invited to examine these goods whether you wish to buy or not.

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No. 29 North Front Street.

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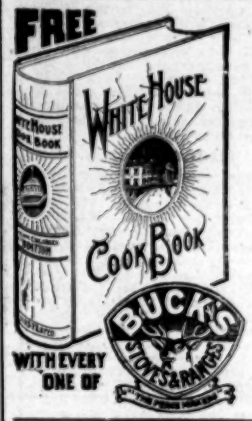

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sep 21 tf

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Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad.

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Leave		GOING WEST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Kinston	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Newbern	10 12	.....
6 46	5 52	Morehead City	8 27	9 00
7 02	7 07		7 12	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 6.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 4.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 13 tf T. C. DILL, Sup't

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES,
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.
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THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

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The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

VESTIBULED WEST INDIA SALT LINE LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41	Leaves Wilmington at 3.05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5.00 P. M., Pembroke 5.45 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., Hamlet 7.18 P. M., Charlotte 10.15 P. M.			
TRAIN 38	Leaves Charlotte 5.00 A. M., Hamlet at 8.10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8.52 A. M., Pembroke 9.26 A. M., Lumberton 9.44 A. M., Wilmington 12.30 noon.			

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.20 a m
Ar Monroe	12.20 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	.....	10.01 a m
Ar Chester	1.46 a m	10.60 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	6.26 a m	2.40 p m
Ar Atlanta	9.00 a m	5.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.00 a m
Ar Columbia	1.05 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4.52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	6.15 a m	3.10 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.55 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.34 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norfina	5.15 a m	12.55 p m
Ar Portsmouth	.....	.....
Ar Norfolk	7.00 a m	5.50 p m
Lv Hamlet	10.55 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.34 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norfina	5.15 a m	12.55 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.48 a m	1.45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.39 a m	2.31 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	7.05 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.35 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.00 p. m.; Raleigh 4.16 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 6.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.54 a. m.; Charlotte 7.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 68 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.30 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
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Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule in Effect Aug. 4, 1901. Corrected.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.[illegible] A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.22 P. M., Wilson 1.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.43 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.38 P. M., Richmond 7.22 P. M., Norfolk 5.[illegible] P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M. Baltimore 1.02 A. M., Philadelphia 1.52 A. M., New York 6.32 A. M., *Boston 3.[illegible] P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., *Tarboro 8.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.32 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., *Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 2.40 A. M., Richmond 3.39 A. M., Washington 7.20 A. M., Baltimore 5.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.00 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.15 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 8.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 2.45 P. M. No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.50 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.32 P. M., Denmark 3.50 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.4 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 30 A. M. Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.00 P. M., New York *3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 10.28 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 7.05 A. M., Petersburg 8.48 A. M., Norfolk 5.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.31 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.25 P. M. Warsaw 4.25 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.30 A. M., Philadelphia 11.32 A. M., Baltimore 1.40 P. M. Washington 3.15 P. M., Richmond 6.07 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., *Norfolk 3.01 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., *Tarboro 8.08 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 8.57 A. M., Goldsboro 9.43 A. M., Warsaw 7.30 A. M., Magnolia 7.34 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 12.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.35 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.30 A. M., Sanford 2.25 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.20 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Macon 2.00 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Augusta 6.30 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M. Columbia 9.40 A. M., Sumter 8.06 P. M. Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.43 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.13 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.25 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.36 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Marion 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., stops Mills 5.00 P. M. Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Marion 6.10 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 5.10 P. M. Halifax 5.30 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 6.10 P. M., Greenville 8.47 P. M., Kinston 6.43 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 9.30 A. M., arriving Halifax at 11.06 A. m., Weldon 11.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.00 A. M. and 1.43 P. M., arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 8.13 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M and 6.13 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.55 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.50 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.20 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.50 A. M., 4.50 P. M., Spring Hope 11.09 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.58 P. M., Nashville 11.43 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 12.13 A. M., arrive Latta 12.31 A. M., Dillon 12.49 A. M., Rowland 1.05 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Kirod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 8.08 P. M., Manning 8.43 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.58 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.37 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.50 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *8.50 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.18 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.33 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., arrive Darlington 4.36 P. M., Bennettsville 5.32 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.18 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.30 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.18 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.30 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.52 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.40 P. M. 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12 20 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.52 A. M. Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 12.35 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 2.32 P. M., 11.38 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.35 P. M. 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.06 A. M., Creston 4.51 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.45 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.30 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.09 P. M. Daily.

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
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The Clyde Steamship Co.

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GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Sept.
SAGINAW..... Saturday, Sept.

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SAGINAW..... Tuesday Sept. 17
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, Sept. 24

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H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. ZOER, General Manager.
19 State Street, New York.
sep 14 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEPT. 22

A YELLOW FEVER SHIP.

British Steamer Ethel Bryhta Arrived at Santiago From Jacksonville, Fla.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sept. 21.—The British steamer Ethel Bryhta, from Jacksonville, September 14th for this port, arrived here yesterday with three cases of yellow fever on board She left Progreso six weeks ago and arrived at New York with a yellow fever case on board. The man died in the harbor and the ship was disinfected. The captain's wife died while the steamer was on her way from New York to Jacksonville where she loaded lumber for Santiago de Cuba. One man died yesterday and the autopsy showed plainly that he had been suffering from yellow fever. The crew of the Ethel Bryhta was removed today to the yellow fever hospital, which is situated on an island two miles from the city. The steamer was fumigated and is held in quarantine in the lower bay. No cargo is allowed to be landed from the vessel. The Marine Hospital authorities say there is absolutely no danger to the city, where there has been no yellow fever for two years past.

LETTER FROM ROOSEVELT.

Proud of Fact That He Had Kinsmen in the Confederate Navy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 21.—The *Journal* to-day prints a letter from Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, in reply to a communication sent him by Mr. J. R. Nutting, of this city. The letter to Mr. Nutting is from Oyster Bay, and bears date of June 14th. The then Vice President says in part:

"I am extremely proud of the fact that one of my uncles was an admiral in the Confederate navy and that another fired the last gun fired aboard the Alabama. I think the time has come when we can all of us be proud of the valor shown on both sides in the civil war. In my regiment I had more men whose fathers fought in the Confederacy than I had men whose fathers fought for the Union.

"I am anxious to visit Roswell, and if I get the chance I am going to stop at Atlanta sometime next fall."

Roswell is a Georgia town where Mr. Roosevelt's mother lived.

KING OF TROTTERS.

Cresceus Defeated The Abbott in Three Out of Five Heats—Purse $20,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

READVILLE, MASS., Sept. 21.—The great stallion Cresceus obtained a firmer grasp on his crown as king of trotters by defeating his only rival, The Abbott, on the Readville track to-day, in three out of four heats. The two fastest trotters in the world raced for a $20,000 purse offered by Thos. W. Lawson, and the money which the people paid to see the race all went to local charity. The weather was perfect, but the track was very heavy from the recent rains, although it looked fast; so that no records were broken or even approached. The time in the four heats was 2.10½, 2.08¼, 2.09 and 2.07¾. The race was disappointing to a large majority of the crowd, and seemed to lead to the conclusion that The Abbott has not recovered from his sickness of last spring. The Abbott broke repeatedly and lost valuable distance.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Important Ruling by the Sovereign Grand Lodge Concerning Hotel Proprietors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Sept. 21.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to-day decided that where a saloon is running in connection with a hotel the proprietor of the hotel shall be regarded as a saloon keeper and not eligible to membership in the order. It was decided that hotel keepers with bars, already admitted to the order may take out withdrawal cards.

It was decided that if an Odd Fellow in an emergency was called on to take charge of a hotel with a bar, he would be subject to trial, but not necessarily expulsion, unless he insisted on tending bar.

An agent for a brewery, under the Grand Lodge's ruling, is not regarded as ineligible.

ENGLAND'S COTTON TRADE.

Feeling the Pinch of American Competition—Mills Running at a Loss.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Lancashire cotton trade is again specially feeling the pinch of American competition and the mills are working—on the smallest margins. In some instances the spinners report that the mills are running at a loss. It has been decided, however, that it is inadvisable to resort to short time.

A meeting of the Manchester spinners has decided to start a spot cotton bureau, really a rival of the Cotton Exchange of Liverpool, whose methods are described as antiquated and as opposed to the Manchester buyers.

THIRTY PEOPLE KILLED

In a Collision of Trains On a Railroad in Roumania.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BUCHAREST, ROUMANIA, Sept. 21.—The express for Vienna collided this morning at Paloia with a petroleum train, killing thirty-two persons and injuring nine. The petroleum train, which dashed into the rear of the express, was descending an incline at the time. Eighteen petroleum cars were set on fire, and the express train was completely destroyed.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

COURT CONTINUES INVESTIGATION.

Only One New Witness Introduced at Yesterday's Session of the Naval Inquiry.

OTHER WITNESSES RECALLED

Testimony of Commander Schroeder as to the Cruise of Flying Squadron and Bombardment of the Spanish Ship Cristobal Colon.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Only one new witness was introduced to-day to the naval court which is investigating the conduct of Admiral Schley during the Spanish war. This witness was Commander Seaton Schroeder, who was executive officer of the battleship Massachusetts during the war and is now Governor of the Island of Guam. His testimony dealt with the cruise of the "Flying Squadron" from Cienfuegos to Santiago, and the bombardment of the Spanish ship Cristobal Colon as she lay at the mouth of the harbor at Santiago on May 31st. The commander said that the cruise was not as expeditious as it should have been. He also said that in the bombardment of the Colon the fleet had not acted as deliberately as the commander-in-chief had announced it to be his purpose to have it act.

While Commander Schroeder was giving his testimony Judge Wilson, counsel for Admiral Schley, sought to have him make a comparison of the distance of the fleet from the shore under Admiral Schley with the distance under Admiral Sampson, after the latter officer arrived and took command. The Judge Advocate objected and Mr. Wilson withdrew the question, saying, however, that he did so temporarily and that he would raise the point at a later stage in the investigation.

Capt. Harber Called.

The first witness called was Captain Harber, executive officer of the Texas during the Spanish war, who was on the stand when the court adjourned yesterday.

The judge advocate asked no question of him and he was immediately turned over to Mr. Raynor of counsel for Admiral Schley who questioned him concerning his statement made yesterday to the effect that he did not recall that there was any picket line established inside the line of blockade at Cienfuegos. A report by Admiral Schley was read to the effect that a picket had been maintained, but the witness declined to change his statement.

Asked if the Brooklyn had not, on May 24th, signalled the Texas to go alongside the collier and coal, he said he did not recall anything of the kind. Mr. Raynor read the signal message as follows: "Go alongside the collier and coal as rapidly as possible." But no amount of pressing could bring the witness to say that he remembered the incident. He had, he said, had very little to do with the signalling.

Captain Harber was also questioned closely concerning the rate of speed of the fleet on the sail from Cienfuegos to Santiago on May 25th.

He said the weather was fresh and the sea moderate; that it was hard for small vessels, but it was "nothing much." He thought the Texas could have made from ten to twelve knots. Mr. Raynor had the witness read from the logs of the Massachusetts, the Iowa, the Brooklyn and other vessels concerning the weather at that time.

Ulterior Motive Alleged.

Mr. Raynor read a report from Capt. Higginson, saying that the weather had been "rough and squally" on the 25th. Captain Harber stated the report of Captain Higginson was not borne out by the log book of his ship. "It does not correspond with the log," he said, and he added that having given his best recollection concerning the weather, he thought Mr. Raynor had an ulterior motive in his questions. Mr. Raynor declared that he had no such end in view.

Capt. Lemly objected to the examination of Capt. Harber on the record of a ship which he had no part in preparing.

The court retired to consider the point, and after an absence of ten minutes the court returned and sustained the objection that the witness could not be examined upon the log of the Massachusetts.

Captain Harber maintained that it was his recollection, as stated yesterday, that the fleet was further out at night than in the daytime. When his attention was called to a contrary statement by Admiral Higginson, the witness said that it was not material to him what any other man had said.

"Then you object to having your memory refreshed," said Mr. Rayner.

"I said nothing of the kind," replied the witness. "I am here to give my testimony and I object to being spoken to in the way you speak to me."

"Admiral Higginson, who proceeded you on the stand," said Mr. Rayner, "testified that the blockade of Admiral Schley cruised nearer at night than in the day. Now do you still maintain that you did not cruise nearer at night than during the day?"

"Certainly. I gave you my estimate."

This concluded Captain Barber's testimony, and he was excused.

Admiral Higginson Recalled.

Admiral Higginson then was recalled and questioned especially concerning his statement of yesterday that the fleet was only two or three miles out from Santiago. He modified his statement by saying that during the first portion of the blockade the fleet stood out farther, probably five miles by day and four miles by night. He confessed, however, that after this his memory was indistinct.

By the Court: "From the distance at which the blockade was maintained at night could you have seen any vessel attempting to leave Santiago under ordinary conditions of weather?"

Admiral Higginson: "I think it would have been difficult on account of the high land and the shadows under the land."

Admiral Higginson was then excused, and the court at 1 o'clock took a recess for luncheon.

Promptly upon the striking of the hour of 2, the court reconvened after the noon recess. The first witness called was

Commander Seaton Schroeder,

now Governor of the Island of Guam, who during the Spanish war was executive officer of the battleship Massachusetts. His appearance created a slight stir of interest.

Commander Schroeder was questioned as to the details of the entire campaign. He knew, he said, of no efforts to communicate with the shore while the "Flying Squadron" lay off Cienfuegos. The witness stated in response to questions asked by Judge Advocate Lemly that the squadron remained out about six or seven miles, maintaining this distance during the day, and keeping under way, countermarching eastward and westward at night. At one point they were nearer shore than at another, the ships describing an elongated ellipsis in their maneuvres. The average distance out, however, was about the same at night as during the day.

Referring to the bombardment of the Colon May 31st, Commander Schroeder said he did not observe that there was any firing from Spanish shore batteries.

He testified that he was with Captain Higginson when he went to meet Commodore Schley as the latter came aboard the Massachusetts and that the commodore had remarked to Captain Higginson upon boarding the ship.

Bombarding the Colon.

"I am going to take you and the Iowa in this morning to pot the Colon." The bombardment had, he said, begun about 2 o'clock and had continued for only about half an hour. He said that the instructions had been to put the range at nine thousand yards, and told of seeing the first shot fall. He said it had been a fine line shot, but had fallen short. There had been two passages across the Colon.

"What was the effect of that bombardment?" asked Captain Lemly.

"There was no effect of it so far as I could see," the witness replied.

Captain Lemly asked for a statement of what was left undone on that date for the destruction of the Colon. "One thing," Commander Schroeder replied, "that might have been done and which was left undone, was to have gone to closer range. Furthermore, we might have passed the mouth of the harbor more slowly so as to have given time to correct the range."

"Was there anything to prevent going nearer?"

"Nothing."

What Schley Said.

Asked to state in more detail any conversation on the part of Commodore Schley during the engagement, the witness said that at the end of the run to the eastward he had gone to the conning tower and found Commodore Schley talking with Captain Higginson.

The captain had then directed him to port helm and he (Commander Shroeder) had suggested that in case this order should be observed the Iowa would blank the fire of the Massachusetts. He was proceeding with this statement when counsel for Schley raised an objection because the witness could not say whether the commodore had overheard the conversation.

The court withdrew to decide the point at issue, and upon returning announced that the objection had been sustained.

The witness then stated that the commander-in-chief had addressed him later, telling him to starboard the helm, adding, and let us get out of this, but he found when he started to give the order that it was already being executed, from which he had inferred that the order had already been given to the captain of the ship.

The witness also said that when Commodore Schley first came aboard he had said that it was his intention to take the bombarding ships by slowly and to have them fire deliberately, "so as to sink the Colon at her moorings." This intention had not been carried out, he said, as the ships had passed the mouth of the harbor at the rate of ten knots an hour and the firing was as rapid as possible to get good pointings.

The court at 3:40 adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S EMPHATIC DECLARATION.

Tells His Visitors He is Going to be President of the United States and Not of Any Section.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—President Roosevelt walked early to the White House to-day from the residence of his brother-in-law, Commander Cowles of the navy, arriving shortly before 9.30. Secretary Hay, Secretary Long and Secretary Gage came almost upon his heels and saw the President for a few minutes in the cabinet room. The doors of the White House were closed to the public, but admission of course was accorded to those who desired to see the President personally, and within an hour a score of men prominent in public life had called to pay their respects and to extend their good wishes for a successful administration. Among them were Senators Scott and Elkins of West Virginia, Senator Pritchard of North Carolina, Millard of Nebraska, and Burton of Kansas, and Representatives Heatwole, McCleary and Stephens of Minneapolis; Gibson, of Tennessee; Livingston, of Georgia, and Dayton, of West Virginia.

All Were Delighted

with the reception accorded them. Senators Elkins and Scott congratulated the President upon the declaration he made when he took the oath of office. "That simple declaration," said Senator Scott, "immediately restored confidence in the business world."

Representative Livingston, of Georgia, was especially pleased with his reception. The Georgia representative had congratulated the President; had expressed the hope that his administration would be a success, and had informed him that as a Southern man and a Georgian he would contribute everything in his power to that end. The President replied that it would be his aim to be the President of the whole people without regard to geographical lines or class distinctions; that it was the welfare of all which he should seek to promote.

The President was even more emphatic in his declaration to Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina and Representative Kluts, of North Carolina, and Representative Gibson, of Tennessee.

South's Kindly Feeling.

"The South will support you most heartily," Senator Pritchard had said, speaking for all three of the Southern men. "The Democratic newspapers are predicting good for you and of you, and the feeling of all the people for you, irrespective of party, is most kindly."

"I am going to be President of the United States and not of any section," replied the President. "I don't care for sections or sectional lines. When I was Governor of New York, I was told I could make four appointments in the army. When I sent in the names, three were from the South and the other from New York. They were brave men who deserved recognition for services in the Spanish war and it did not matter what States they were from."

The President talked in the same vein with Senator Money, of Mississippi, when the latter called, reminding the Mississippi Senator that his mother was a Southern woman. "I am half Southerner," said he, "and I have lived in the West, so that I feel that I can represent the whole country."

At Jennings, La., yesterday, when the drillers at an oil mill began bailing out a well just completed, oil began to gush out. Bailing was kept up until noon when a stream of oil spurted out, rising to a height of about fifty feet.

MONDAY SET FOR CZOLGOSZ'S TRIAL

Justices Lewis and Titus Accept Assignment as Counsel for the Defence.

THE QUESTION OF INSANITY.

Neither of the Attorneys Would Discuss Subject of the Defence to be Interposed — Interviewed Prisoner. Eminent Alienist Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 21.—Former Justices Lorain L. Lewis and Robert C. Titus, of the Supreme Court, to-day accepted their assignment as counsel to defend Leon F. Czolgosz, indicted for murder in the first degree in killing President McKinley. They do not at present know of any reason why they will not be ready for the trial on next Monday morning when District Attorney Penney moves the case for trial in Part III of the Supreme Court, whence it was transferred to-day by order of Judge Edward K. Emory, in the county court, who also appointed Carlton E. Ladd, law partner of Judge Titus to assist in the defence.

Although both attorneys tentatively accepted the assignment a few days ago, no definite announcement was made until to-day. Judge Titus conferred with Judge Lewis in the latter's office for a half hour this morning, after which Judge Titus announced that they had decided to conduct the defence of the prisoner.

The Question of Insanity.

Neither Judge Lewis nor Judge Titus would discuss the subject of the defence to be interposed, and both stated that they had not given the question of insanity any thought They said that they would not seek an interview with the assassin in the jail unless they were informed that he desired to see and talk with them. However, they said, if the prisoner continued his stubborn refusal to talk to his counsel, it would not make any difference in regard to preparing his defence. The attorneys have not, as yet, decided whether or not to request the court to appoint alienists to examine into the mental condition of the prisoner, but stated that if such action was desired it would not delay the trial, as such examination could be had during the progress of the people's case.

Immediately after the conference both judges called upon the district attorney at the city hall and conferred with him for twenty minutes, after which Mr. Penney accompanied them into the county court.

Additional Counsel.

Judge Lewis addressed Judge Emory, stating that he and Judge Titus had decided not to be asked to be excused, although they accepted against their wishes, but that they did not see their way clear to shirk their duty. He said that there was a great deal of work to be done in the case which neither he nor Judge Titus should be compelled to perform. He urged that a younger lawyer be assigned to assist them and suggested Attorney Carlton E Ladd, who Judge Lewis said, was formerly a clerk in his office.

Mr. Penney said that he thought the course was a proper one. Judge Emory asked if it was known whether or not Mr. Ladd would consent to act.

Judge Lewis replied that Mr. Ladd was the partner of Judge Titus, and that he would accept the assignment. Judge Emory then granted an order appointing Mr. Ladd, and also granted the district attorney's motion for the formal transfer of the indictment to the Supreme Court for trial, as the county court had no jurisdiction to try murder indictments.

Set For Trial Monday.

District Attorney Penney has noticed the case for trial in Part III. of the Supreme Court at 10 o'clock next Monday morning. Witnesses have been subpoenaed and all arrangements made to proceed with the trial at that time. Justice Truman C. White is scheduled to preside over that term of court and will do so unless Justice Childs, the senior justice of the judicial district, should be called by the other justice to preside, which is not at all probable.

Counsel for the defence stated today that they would not delay the trial unnecessarily in securing a jury and that all that they would insist upon would be that the jury be composed of good substantial men, who though they have opinions would give the prisoner a fair and impartial trial upon the evidence.

At 3.30 Czolgosz was brought from the jail to the private office of District Attorney Penney, where his counsel—Justices Lewis and Titus—were awaiting him. Later, Dr. Carlos F. M. Donald, of New York, an alienist, formerly head of the State Lunatic Commission, was admitted to the conference of which the district attorney was also a party. Ten minutes later Dr. MacDonald was left alone with the prisoner. Dr. MacDonald was called here by the bar association.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

Grand Review of Troops by the Czar. President Loubet's Speech.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BETHANY, FRANCE, Sept. 21.—The Czar, the Czarina and President Loubet to day reviewed 140,000 troops on the plain of Bethany. The march past lasted from 10:45 A. M. till 1 P. M., terminating in a magnificent charge of 20,000 cavalry. The spectacle was very imposing, as the infantry went by 150 files deep, with fixed bayonets.

In his speech at the luncheon which followed the review to day, President Loubet created somewhat of a sensation by saying: "The Franco-Russian alliance is pledged to settlements inspired by justice and humanity."

Whether rightly or otherwise, some of his hearers took the remark to refer to affairs in South Africa.

WARM WIRELETS.

In a fight Friday night at a dance in Greene county, Tenn., Bruce Marshall was instantly killed and Joseph Ruff and Patrick Riley wounded. Ruff, it is said, will die.

The statement of the Associated Banks for the week ending yesterday shows: Loans $885,949,200, decrease $5,316,900; deposits $930,351,900, decrease $1,671,100; circulation $31,098,300, increase $302,900; legal tenders $70,843,700, decrease $1,170,900; specie $175,401,800, increase $7,446,100. Reserves, $246,244,700; increase, $6,275,900.

FOR RENT.

That desirable Store, including second floor, No. 109 Market street, at present occupied by The Ludden & Bates Music House. Apply to ANDREW SMITH, Real Estate Agent.
sep 14 1m

The Home Beer

Whatever you drink outside, let your home beer be Schlitz. That is pure beer. No bacilli in it—nothing to make you bilious.

Beer is a saccharine product, and the germs multiply rapidly in it. The slightest taint of impurity quickly ruins its healthfulness.

We go to the utmost extremes to prevent that. Cleanliness is a science where Schlitz beer is brewed.

We even cool the beer in plate glass rooms in nothing but filtered air.

Then we filter the beer. Then we sterilize every bottle.

And Schlitz beer is aged. The beer that makes you bilious is green beer.

When you order a beer for your home, get the healthfulness without the harm. Get a pure beer—get an old beer—get Schlitz. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

'Phone I. S. 202. Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market St., Wilmington. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

SCHLITZ

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A Position by young male Stenographer and Typewriter. Good references. John Klein, Wilmington N. C. sep 22 2t*

For Sale—Steam outfit for sawing and splitting wood. Walter Tarr, 19 South Water street. sep 22 1t

Private Board can be obtained at Mrs. J. J. Bowden's after October 1st; corner Second and Chesnut streets, near Postoffice. sep 22 1t*

Outfit Free; credit given; Cut-price Xmas books. 50c book 15c, $1.00 book 25c; $1.50 book 50c; $2.50 book 75c. Also best life McKinley. Ferguson, 2041 Fifth Street, Cincinnati. sep 22 1t*

Lost—Fox Terrier Puppy; answers to name of "Dixie." Liberal reward. Marion S. Harriss. sep 22 1t*

For Rent—Stores under Bonitz Hotel. Choice given for either Store. Best location in the city for Furniture, Grocery or Dry Goods. Apply Bonitz Hotel. sep 22 2t

For Rent—Two or three Rooms in desirable locality, with Modern Conveniences. Occupants of house have small family; no children. Address, STAR. sep 22 1t

Agents—Our 20th Century Holiday Books are now ready; 6 Books in one magnificent sample outfit; highest commissions; freight paid; exclusive territory; our $2.00 outfit free. Atlanta Book and Bible House, Atlanta Ga. sep 8 2t* su

Wanted—One or two good steady Coat-Makers. Lots of work. Good prices, M. H. Curran, 107 Princess street. sep 20 2t

Fletcher Music Method (Simplex and Kindergarden). The aim of the method is to eliminate the drudgery of music study and to give a fundamental, systematic and logical education. The seven principal features are ear training, note reading, musical history, knowledge of the key board, scales, time and rythm to make the wrists and fingers flexible. The course applies to the voice or any instrument. Teachers whom pupils have taken the course fully appreciate the foundation that has been laid. For endorsements or any information apply to Mrs. G. J. McMillan, 504 South Front street, or to Miss Fannie Corbett, 411 North Fourth street. sep 18 6t

A Philadelphia clothing house manufacturing a popular line of men's and boys' clothing wishes to engage thoroughly experienced salesmen for the Southern States. Only those with established trade need apply. First letter must contain full particulars. Address P. O. B., 1259 N. Reese St., Philadelphia, Pa. sep 19 2t*

Important Notice—I will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, on Friday, the 27th instant, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, Wilmington, N. C., all the stock, Bar Fixtures, etc., belonging to the estate of J. E. Hinnant, bankrupt. J. Harrove Taylor, Trustee in Bankruptcy. sep 17 10t

Notice—The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Onslow Land and Investment Co. will be held at the office of the undersigned, Room No. 7, Masonic Temple, Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday, September 24th, 1901, at 12 o'clock M. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary. sep 14 2t

For Sale—Business location on Cape Fear river known as White Hall. Property includes twenty acres of Land, Ferry, Turpentine Still and fixtures, Grist and Saw Mill, and Cotton Gin and Press, Store House and Dwelling. Apply to The Worth Co., Wilmington, N. C. my 14 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. S. Harriss, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 433. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

300 Cheese.

100 Boxes Tobacco.

200 Sacks Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

sep 8 tf 18 Market street.

YOUR BOY

Is a great possibility, capable of yielding rich returns for your sacrifice for his Education. Place him where he will be faithfully looked after, thoroughly trained for College or business and developed in moral, manly principles. The Howell Military Academy offers just such an opportunity for the education of your boy. Opens September 19th.

ANDREW J. HOWELL, Jr., Principal.
an 31 9m

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the Estate of John Epps, deceased, before the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the said estate, are required to present them to the undersigned, properly verified, on or before the 10th day of August, 1902, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. LOUIS M. BUNTING, Executor of John Epps.
an 11 6t su

"MULLETS,"

Consignment just to hand.

"MULLETS,"
Caught on beach in original barrels.

"MULLETS,"
Not repacked but full barrels.

"MULLETS,"
From the celebrated Nixon fisheries.

"MULLETS."
Send us your orders and get quality and weights.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Agents for Nixon Fisheries.
sep 15 tf

Bagging and Ties.

Salt on hand and cargo to arrive.

Molasses,

Imported and Domestic.

Cheese, Full Cream.
Sardines, Salmon, Cakes.
Dunlap Meal.
Corn, Oats, Hay.
Lime, Cement.

The Worth Co.
sep 13 tf

TRY US.

We have Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Cakes, Crackers, Candies,

Soap, Snuff, Soda,

Starch, Lye, Potash, Lard, Meal, Hominy, Molasses, Nails, Tobacco, Smoking and Chewing,

and a full line of Canned Goods. All of which we offer to the trade at living prices.

Williams Bros.
je 25 tf

JUST OPENED

At No. 108 North Water Street

with a full and complete line of fresh groceries at Wholesale. We have

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Meal, Molasses

and a full line of case goods. New catch Mullets just in. Fresh Cheese and Butter arriving every week. Prices guaranteed. Treatment fair.

PETER McQUEEN, Jr.,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
sep 6 tf No. 108 North Water St.

Fruit of All Kinds.

Peaches, Pears, Plums, Grapes, Bananas, Apples and Oranges,

Call and see me for the BEST FRUIT to be had in the city.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
304 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 686. Inter-State 152.
sep 6 tf

NOTICE.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Company.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., Sept. 3rd, 1901.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 3rd day of October, A. D., 1901, at 1 o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.
sep 3 1m

E. E. Mills. W. B. McClellan.

NOTICE.

Just arrived car load Horses; several will weigh from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., and lots of all classes of Stock on hand also. We carry the biggest stock of Buggies and Harness in the city, and at the lowest prices. Balance of this month will sell Buggies at cost to make room for car load due September 15th. For bargains call and see.

Wilmington Live Stock Co.
aug 20 tf

BECAUSE!

I am not going to establish a branch store nor am I going to change business.

BECAUSE

The people are satisfied with my Goods and prices and I am satisfied with my sales and profits.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
sep 17 tf Inter-State 61.

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION,
je 6 tf 7 South Front St.

THE GREAT SALE

AT THE BIG

RACKET STORE

Will Continue One Week Longer,

Owing to the fact that a great many of our customers could not be waited on because we were so crowded, and they have requested us to continue it

ONE WEEK MORE.

We Will Offer Bigger Values than Ever.

The Store has been crowded the past nine days with anxious buyers, and we propose to have many more.

We have added thousands of new goods to our already LARGE SURLUS STOCK.

Fifteen pieces new French Flannels, all the light shades, not 35c, but 23c per yard this week. A nice line of Ramona Flannels for Ladies' and Infants' Sacques, not 25c, but 14½c. 150 yards Cinderella Flannel, not 15c, but 10c.

We have added a thousand yards of Granite Cloths to our large stock. 500 yards Silkaline, not 10c, but 5½c this week. Table Oil Cloth, not 25c, but 19c. Clark's Spool Cotton, not 5c, but 2½c. Cotton Batting, not 5c, but 4½c. Box of three cakes Toilet Soap, not 10c, but 4c. Ladies' best Shoe Dressing, not 10c, but 4c a bottle. Window Shades with fixtures complete, not 25c, but 9c. Our Ladies' fine Vicious Shoes, not $2, but $1.48 a pair; every pair warranted. 150 pairs Ladies' small size Shoes, worth $2 and $2.50, this sale 87c. Yard wide fine heavy Shirting, not 6c, but 4½c per yard. The best Sea Island Shirting, not 7c, but 5c per yard.

This is a bona-fide sale which surpasses anything ever had in Wilmington. Thousands of people can testify to the value of our goods. Everybody welcome. Everybody come. All goods sold for cash. All goods delivered same day that they are sold. Thirty-seven clever and polite salespeople to wait on you. They all know their business. Be sure to visit

THE BIG RACKET STORE

during this week. Look for the Red Sign in front of the door. Sale now going on.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.
sep 22 tf

J. H. Rehder & Co. J. H. Rehder & Co.

CARPETS, MATTINGS, WINDOW SHADES.

A most magnificent line ready to be shown to the public.

We are prepared to agreeably astonish you. Excels by far any of our former efforts.

This week special prices are offered in this department. Beautiful patterns in Brussels, Axminsters, Ingrains and Velvets.

Our line of China and Japan Mattings, selected by our buyer while in New York, is the grandest ever shown here.

Our low prices on Mattings this week will reduce our immense stock. Come early and make your selection.

We have all sizes and kinds of Shades, from the cheapest to the best, at remarkably low prices. An extra cut made when buying Shades in large quantities for furnishing an entire house.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Three Stores—615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.
Car fare to those who purchase $2.00 or more. sep 22 tf

EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMAN WANTED.

NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.

FOURTH AND CAMPBELL STREETS
sep 22 tf

The Closing Out Sale

At 63½ Steps Station continues with unabated interest in all our departments, except Shoes and Findings, including lines of

Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Hats and Caps.

Tinware, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, Mattings, Carpets, Rugs, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Poles, Harness, Saddlery, &c. Also Books, Paper and Envelopes, Toys, Musical Instruments, Jewelry, &c., &c. Away down! At and below prime cost in many cases!

This is "No Fake Sale," but a Bonafide Close Out Sale of all these things, therefore, if you don't get some of the Real Bargains that your enterprising neighbor does, blame yourself only, because they are moving fast—yet many very nice and useful things for general household use remain. Come! Everybody come!! Don't miss it!! Also **Great Bargains in Shoes!** To make room for our New Shipment of Douglass', Dutinhofer's and many other excellent and entirely up-to-date lines.

MERCER & EVANS CO.,

113 and 117 Princess Street.

P. S.—You may rest assured that you will get the lowest prices on everything. sep 22 tf

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Having made a FIVE YEAR CONTRACT with all the publishers for the sale of ALL text Books adopted by the State Text Book Commission, we are now prepared to fill orders promptly. Send for list giving new prices. Remember that you can buy all the text books from us at contract price.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.—We carry the largest stock of School supplies in the State and offer the best goods at lowest prices.

Orders from the country filled same day received.

C. W. YATES & CO.

sep 8 tf Booksellers & Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

Schooner "Eva Danenhower"

Has arrived with a cargo "Alpha" Portland Cement. We have also a full stock Building Material. Write or call before placing your orders.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.
sep 22 3t